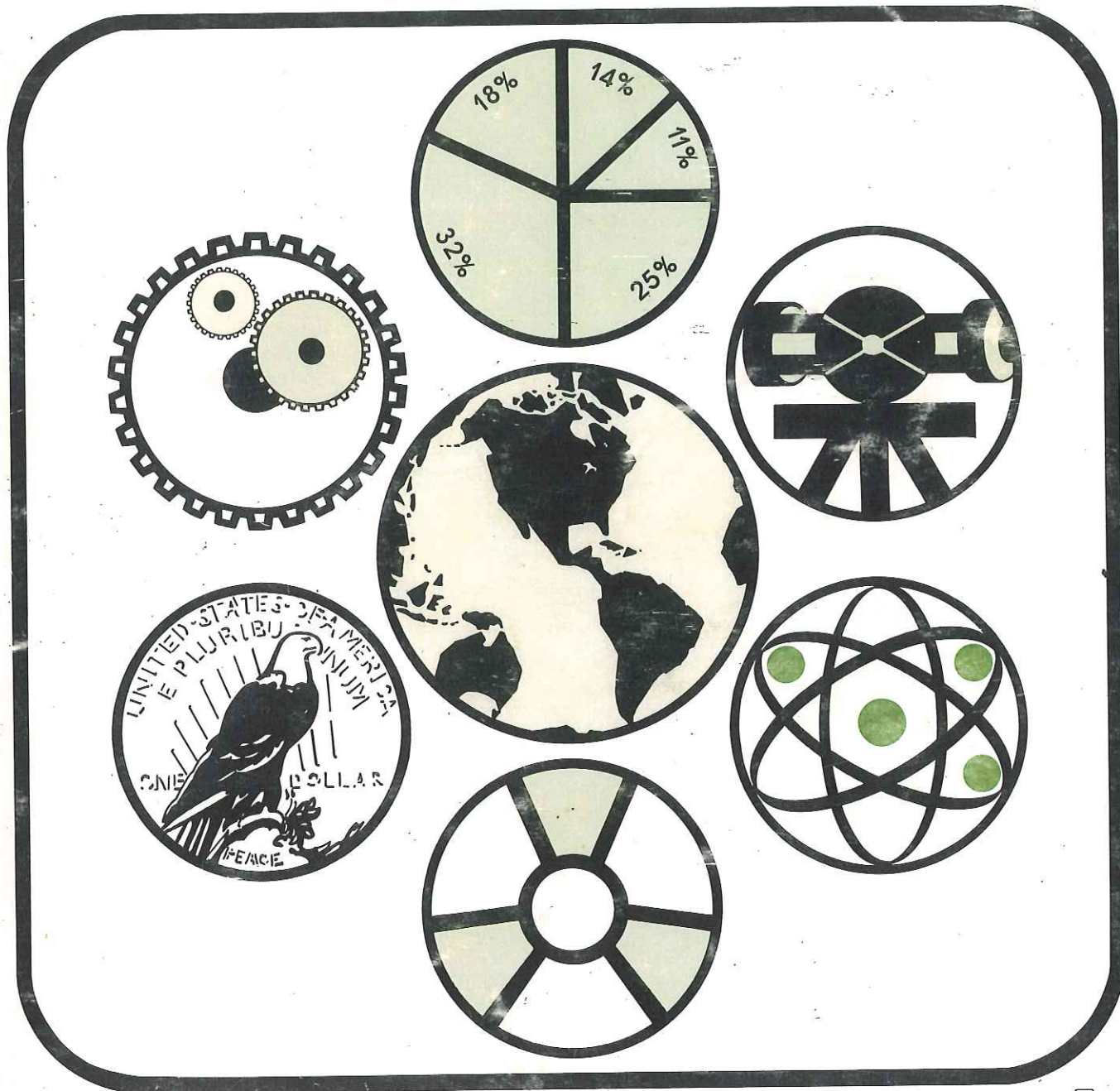


Programmable T158/59 Specialty Pakettes Electronic Engineering



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INCORPORATED



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THE TI-59 PAKETTE STORY

Since the early days of handheld programmable calculators, Texas Instruments (TI) has been deeply involved in supplying not only calculators with exceptional power but also programs (software) to match. Many experts were put to work within their special fields of endeavor to design quality Software Libraries for TI calculator users. Among the Libraries produced by TI for the TI-59 are:

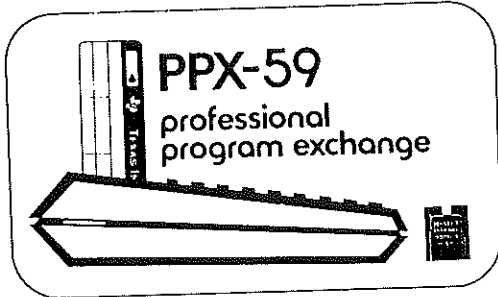
- Statistics
- Real Estate and Investment
- Surveying
- Navigation
- Farming
- Math/Utilities
- Aviation
- Leisure
- Business Decisions
- Securities Analysis
- Electrical Engineering
- RPN Simulator

Fully recognizing TI-59 users may require programs other than those included in TI-59 Libraries, a second program source was developed. This source, the Professional Program Exchange, gathers, compiles and redistributes programs **written by TI-59 users** who defined their own specific program needs and filled these needs by writing programs. These programs, now in Pakettes, add a new dimension to the software made available to TI-59 user. Combining some of the best TI originated programs with the most popular programs found in the Professional Program Exchange, Program Pakettes offer a true software value. Current TI Pakette offerings include:

- Securities
- Statistical Testing
- Civil Engineering
- Electronic Engineering
- Blackbody
- Oil/Gas/Energy
- Printer Utility
- Astrology
- Programming Aids
- 59 Fun
- 3-D Graphics
- Fluid Dynamics
- Mathematics
- Lab Chemistry
- Production Planning
- Marketing/Sales

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SOLUTION OF RESISTIVE NETWORKS	658009A



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Submission Abstract

Program Title CLASS "A" AMPLIFIER DESIGNED TO SPECIFIED TOLERANCES	Rev.
--	------

Abstract of Program

Biasing, load and emitter resistors are calculated for a class "A" bipolar transistor amplifier. Design is constrained to a maximum allowable percent collector current variation specified by the user. Program outputs include signal power, stage minimum power gain, minimum and maximum collector currents, transistor thermal resistance, quiescent collector current, minimum and maximum junction temperatures, base-emitter voltages at T_{max} and T_{min}, and thevenin-Equivalent circuit values. Self-heating effects are considered and the program insures that T_{max} < T_{jmax}. An alarm is provided when the chosen transistor is unsuitable due to a small hfe min/max spread.

Original SR-52 Program by B. R. Kelso, FPO New York, N.Y.

User Benefits:

Time is saved and errors reduced by allowing the user to "plug in" transistor data sheet parameters and proceed directly to optimized design without lengthy breadboard sessions.

Category <u>Electronics</u>	Required Progs. _____	Prog. Steps <u>503</u>	Card Sides <u>3</u>	PC-100A Needed <input type="checkbox"/>
Name <u>Eng.</u>				Library Module ID <input type="checkbox"/>

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Signature _____ Date _____
 Name Texas Instruments Tel. No. _____
 Address _____
 City _____ State _____ Zip _____

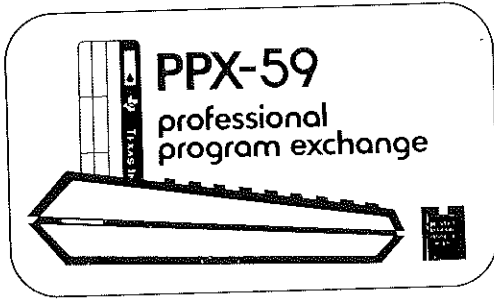
Submission Checklist

- Recorded Magnetic Cards
- Submission Abstract
- Program Description
- User Instructions
- Sample Problem
- Listing
- _____
- _____

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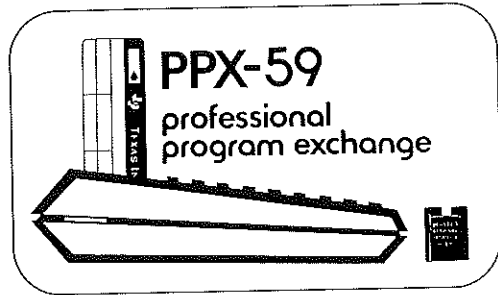
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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Program Description

Program Title: Class "A" Amplifier designed to specified tolerances	Rev.
<p>Method, Equations, Sketches, Limitations, References, Error Recovery:</p> <p>METHOD: 1) Find the transistor's thermal resistance: $\theta_{ja} = (T_{jmax} - 25^{\circ}C)/PD$</p> <p>2) Find the trial minimum load resistance: $R_{LI} = \theta_{ja} V_{cc}^2 / [4.4(T_{jmax} - T_{amax})] = R_{Ln}$</p> <p>3) Find the trial emitter resistance: $R_{EI} = R_{LI} \times 10\% = R_{EN}$</p> <p>4) Find the trial operating point: $I_{CQ} = V_{cc} / [2(r_{LN} + R_{EN})]$</p> <p>5) Find the operating point current limits: $I_{cmax} = I_{cq} (1 + \Delta I_{cq})$ Where $\Delta I_{cq} = \text{max \% change}$ $I_{min} = I_{cq} (1 - \Delta I_{cq})$ In quiescent current</p> <p>6) Find approximate maximum junction temperature: $T_{max} = \theta_{JA} I_{cq} [V_{cc} - (R_{Ln} + R_{en}) I_{cq}] + T_{amax}$</p> <p>7) Find the actual Vbe Voltage at Tmax: $V_{bex} = V_{belmin} + \Delta V_{be} \log(I_{cmax}/I_1) - 0.0022 (T_{max} - 25^{\circ}C)$</p> <p>8) Find the minimum junction temperature: $T_{min} = \theta_{JA} I_{cmin} [V_{cc} - (R_{Ln} + R_{en}) I_{cmin}] + T_{amin}$</p> <p>9) Find the base-emitter voltage at Tmin: $V_{ben} = V_{belmax} + \Delta V_{be} \log(I_{cmin}/I_1) - 0.0022 (T_{min} - 25^{\circ}C)$</p> <p>10) Make a better estimate for RE: $R_{e(n+1)} = [-2(V_{bex} - V_{ben})] / [I_{cmax} - I_{cmin}]$</p> <p>11) Iterate beginning at Step 2 until $R_{E(n+1)} = R_{E_n} \pm 5\%$</p> <p>12) Find Thevenin - Equivalent circuit values: $R_B = [hfe_{max} hfe_{min} [R_{e(n+1)} (I_{cmax} - I_{cmin}) + V_{bex} - V_{ben}] / [hfe_{max} I_{cmin} - hfe_{min} I_{cmax}]$ $V_{BB} = V_{ben} + I_{cmin} [R_B / hfe_{min}] + R_{E(n+1)}$</p> <p>13) Find the biasing resistors: $R_1 = R_B V_{CC} / V_{BB}$</p>	
<p style="text-align: right;">□ See Continuation Sheet</p>	



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

Program Title: Class "A" Amplifier designed to specified tolerances - continued	Rev.
--	------

- $$R_2 = R_B V_{CC} / (V_{CC} - V_{bb})$$
- 14) Find the stage minimum power gain:

$$A_p = [R_B R_L h_{fe_{min}}] / [R_E (R_B + h_{fe_{min}} R_E)]$$
- 15) Find the stage minimum signal gain:

$$P_s = (1 - \Delta I_{CQ})^2 [V_{CC}^2 R_L / 8 (R_L + R_E)^2]$$

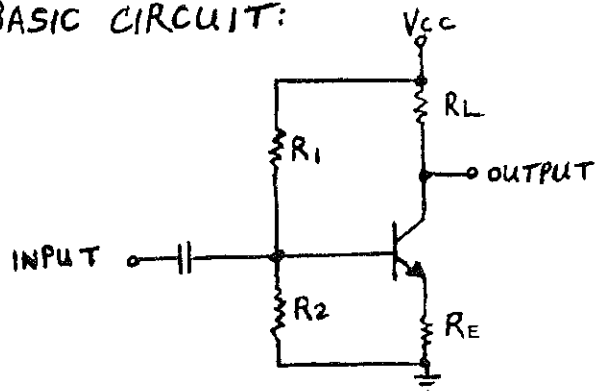
Limitations: This procedure regards the change in transistor base-emitter voltage as constant over a (log) decade variation in collector current. This assumption yields a very small error with careful selection of the expected operating point on the V_{BE} / I_C curve; however, under very high current condition the logarithmic assumption breaks down. Also, low frequencies only.

REFERENCES: Helms, Ward J., Electronics magazine, August 8, 1974.

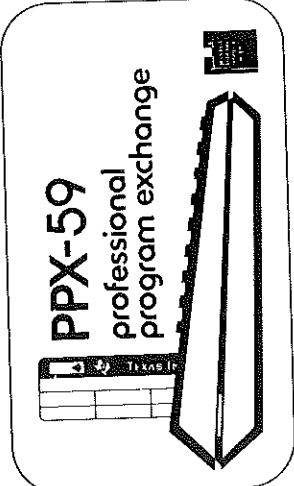
Terms Defined:

- I_{cmin} - Minimum collector current
- I_{cmax} - Maximum collector current
- θ_{ja} - Transistor thermal resistance
- I_{cq} - Quiescent collector current
- T_{max} - Maximum junction temperature
(Program insures that $T_{max} < T_{jmax}$.)
- V_{bex} - Base-emitter voltage at T_{max}
- T_{min} - Minimum junction temperature
(With self-heating effects considered)
- V_{ben} - Base-emitter voltage at T_{min}
- R_B and V_{BB} - Thevenin-Equivalent circuit values.

BASIC CIRCUIT:



6,5 8,0,0,1,1



User Instructions

Program Title
Class "A" Amplifier designed to Spec. Tolerances

Execute

Partition (OP 17) Parenthesis Levels t Register
719 . 29 2

Angular Mode SBR Levels Absolute Addresses
(if applicable) 0

Library Module ID Disturbs Pending Operations

LABELS (Op 08)

INV	INZ	CE	CLR	Z=1	Z=2
VZ	VZ	STO	RCL	SUM	YZ
EE	L	L	-	GTO	X
SBR	-	RST	+	R/S	.
+/-	=	CLR	INV	log	log
ABT	ABT	P=3	30	cos	cos
ETC	P/D	121	log	ln	ln
DE	Pass	Z=1	log	log	log
LDI	Z=1	Z=+	Z=	cos	sin
IME	OMS	Z=	100	WHILE	WHILE
ADP	Z=1	Z=	Z=	Z=	Z=

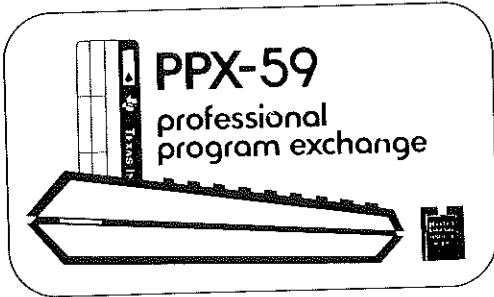
USER DEFINED KEYS

A EXECUTE

0 Ps
1 Vcc
2 Δ Icq (%)
3 Δ VBE
4 VBEIMIN
5 VBEIMAX
6 TJMAX
7 PD at 25° C
8 I_I
9 θJA

9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

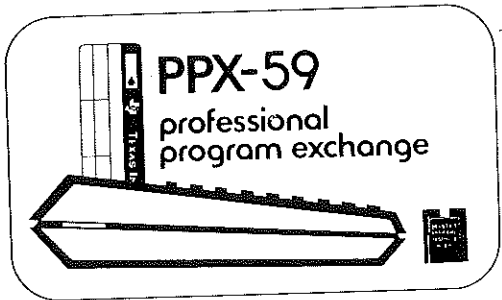
STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	DATA REGISTERS (INV) (OP)
1	Enter Program Banks 1,2,3 -- Be sure to set partition to 719.29 (3 op 7)	Vcc	STO 0	Vcc	10 R _{LI} = R _n
2-13	Choose Vcc. Regulation ±5%. Enter Vcc in Volts	Vcc	STO 1	Vcc	11 REI = REN
2	Choose the maximum allowable collector current variation, ΔI _{CQ} . When ΔI _{CQ} < ±10%, power output will be poor. Enter ΔI _{CQ} in percent	ΔI _{CQ} (%)	STO 0	ΔI _{CQ} (%)	12 ICQ
4	Using the transistors' V _{BE} vs. I _C curve, choose I _I and 10I _I , such that the desired operating point is bracketed, determine ΔV _{BE} by subtracting V _{BE} @ I _I from V _{BE} @ 10I _I . Enter ΔV _{BE} in volts	ΔV _{BE}	STO 0	ΔV _{BE}	13 ICMAX
5	From the device data sheet, determine the minimum V _{BE} @ I _I . Enter V _{BE} I MIN in Volts	V _{BE} I MIN	STO 0	V _{BE} I MIN	14 ICMIN
6	Determine the maximum V _{BE} @ I _I . Enter V _{BE} I MAX in Volts	V _{BE} I MAX	STO 0	V _{BE} I MAX	15 TMAX
7	Enter TJMAX in °C.	TJMAX	STO 0	TJMAX	16 V _{BEX}



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
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Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

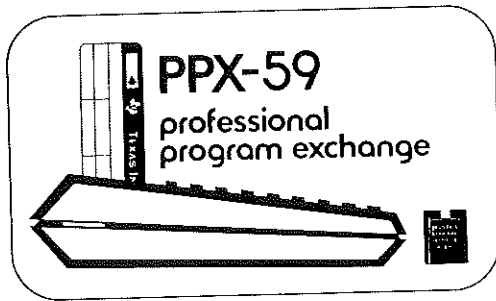
Program Title:				Rev.
Class "A" Amplifier designed to Spec. Tolerances				
STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	DISPLAY
8	Input (Continued): Enter P_D (at 25°C) in watts	P_D	STO 07	P_D
9	Enter I_1	I_1	STO 08	I_1
10	Enter the design minimum ambient temperature, T_{AMIN} in °C	T_{AMIN}	STO 20	T_{AMIN}
11	Enter the design maximum ambient temperature, $T_{A MAX}$ in °C	$T_{A MAX}$	STO 21	$T_{A MAX}$
12	Enter $h_{FE MIN}$	$h_{FE MIN}$	STO 22	$h_{FE MIN}$
13	Enter $h_{FE MAX}$	$h_{FE MAX}$	STO 23	$h_{FE MAX}$
14	EXECUTE - Press A The display will go blank, then a number (1-5) will flash (pause) followed by a value in the display. Follow instructions according to the number flashed in the display. If number is missed when it is flashed, press $X \geq t$ to reveal number which is also put in the t register press $x \geq t$ again and follow instructions.			
Flashed				
No.	PROCEDURE	DISPLAY	ENTER	PRESS
14a 1	Minimum load resistance, $R_L MIN$ is displayed. A larger number may be entered if desired.	(1) $R_L MIN$	R_L (optional)	R/S
14b 2	Operating point for maximum output voltage swing is displayed. A different value (in amps) may be entered if desired.	(2) I_{CQ}	I_{CQ} (optional)	R/S
14c 3	Indicates that either the $h_{FE MIN}/MAX$ spread is too small or ΔI_{CQ} is too small. Consider using an emitter follower for this stage or select another transistor type.	(3) flashing 9's		CLEAR
14d 4	Enter the standard resistor value (in ohms) nearest the displayed value	(4) R	R_{STD}	R/S
14e 5	End of execution proceed to output values	(5) 5		Continue next step



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

Program Title:		Rev.	
CLASS "A" Amplifier Designed to Spec. Tolerances			
STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS DISPLAY
15-30	Output Values:		
15	Examine signal power (watts)		RCL 00 P_s
16	Examine the stage minimum Power gain (decibels)		RCL 28 A_p
	NOTE: If A_p and/or P_s are insufficient, add a heatsink and repeat the procedure or select a transistor with a higher h_{FE} MIN.		
17	Examine R_L in Ohms		RCL 10 R_L
18	Examine R_E in Ohms		RCL 19 R_E
19	Examine R_1 in Ohms		RCL 26 R_1
20	Examine R_2 in Ohms		RCL 27 R_2
21	Examine $I_{C\ MIN}$ (Min. Collector Current)		RCL 14 $I_{C\ MIN}$
22	Examine $I_{C\ MAX}$ (Max. Collector Current)		RCL 13 $I_{C\ MAX}$
23	Examine θ_{JA} (Transistor Thermal Resistance)		RCL 09 θ_{JA}
24	Examine I_{CQ} (Quiescent Collector Current)		RCL 12 I_{CQ}
25	Examine T_{MAX} (Max. Junction Temperature)		RCL 15 T_{MAX}
26	Examine V_{BEX} (Base-Emitter Voltage at T_{MAX})		RCL 16 V_{BEX}
27	Examine T_{MIN} (min. Junction Temperature)		RCL 17 T_{MIN}
28	Examine V_{BEN} (Base-emitter Voltage at T_{MIN})		RCL 18 V_{BEN}
29	Examine R_B (Thevenin equivalent)		RCL 24 R_B
30	Examine V_{BB} (Thevenin equivalent)		RCL 25 V_{BB}



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Sample Problem

Statement of Example

A single-stage class "A" amplifier is needed to operate from a 30-volt power supply. The maximum power output and maximum power gain must be obtained from a Texas Instruments Type TIS98 transistor over an ambient temperature range of 0°C to 70°C with a maximum quiescent-current variation of + 20%. From the transistor's data sheet, determine: $T_{max} = 150^{\circ}C$, $P_D = 0.36W$, $\Delta V_{be} = 0.10V$ from 3 to 30 MA, $V_{be1min} = 0.54$ vat 3_{ma} at $25^{\circ}C$, $V_{ee1max} = 0.74$ V A T 3MA at $25^{\circ}C$, $I_1 = 0.001A$, $h_{FEEMAX} = 600$ at $150^{\circ}C$ at 18MA, $H_{FEMIN} = 100$ at $80^{\circ}C$ at 12MA.

□ See Continuation Sheet

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
3	OP 1 7	719. 29--	Partition
Read card banks, 1, 2 and 3			
30	STO 0 1	30.	Vcc
20	STO 0 2	20.	ΔI_{cQ} (%)
.1	STO 0 3	0.1	ΔV_{be}
.54	STO 0 4	0.54	V_{be1MIN}
.74	STO 0 5	0.74	V_{be1MAX}
150	STO 0 6	150.	T_{jmax}
.36	STO 0 7	0.36	P_d
.001	STO 0 8	0.001	I_1
70	STO 2 1	70.	T_{Amax}
0	STO 2 0	0.	T_{amin}
600	STO 2 3	600	Life Max
100	STO 2 2	100	Life Min
	A		EXECUTE
	R/S	(1) 887.7840909	RL Min (not Changed)
	R/S	(2) 0.01536	I_{cQ} (not changed)
	R/S	(2) 0.0143453655	I_{cQ} (not changed)
	R/S	(2) 0.0142624571	
	R/S	(4) 120.2204612	R -- stand, R entered
120	R/S	(5) 5	Finished execution

Modes: (n)* --Printed only (n) --Displayed Briefly (Pause)
n* --Printed and displayed

□ Over

PPX-59 Professional Program
 Exchange
 Sample Problem (cont'd)

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
	RCL 00	0.0606253981	Ps
	RCL 28	22.91777965	Ap
	RCL 10	932.1732955	RL
	RCL 19	120.	RE
	RCL 26	46773.39562	R ₁
	RCL 27	4382.853221	R ₂
	RCL 14	0.0114099657	IcmIn
	RCL 13	0.0171149485	Icmax
	RCL 09	347.222222	0 JA
	RCL 12	0.0142624571	Icq
	RCL 15	144.2836306	Tmax
	RCL 16	0.4009135723	Vbex
	RCL 17	71.31228539	Tmin
	RCL 18	0.7438414059	Vben
	RCL 24	4007.348707	RB
	RCL 25	2.570274397	VBB

Modes: (n)* --Printed only (n) --Displayed Briefly (Pause)
 n*...Printed and displayed

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL		044	76	LBL		098	43	RCL	
001	11	A		045	88	DMS		099	06	06	
002	43	RCL		046	43	RCL		100	32	X:T	
003	06	06		047	11	11		101	43	RCL	
004	75	-		048	85	+		102	09	09	
005	02	2		049	43	RCL		103	65	X	
006	05	5		050	10	10		104	43	RCL	
007	95	=		051	95	=		105	12	12	
008	55	÷		052	65	X		106	65	X	
009	43	RCL		053	02	2		107	53	(
010	07	07		054	95	=		108	43	RCL	
011	95	=		055	35	1/X		109	01	01	
012	42	STD		056	65	X		110	75	-	
013	09	09		057	43	RCL		111	53	(
014	65	X		058	01	01		112	43	RCL	
015	43	RCL		059	95	=		113	10	10	
016	01	01		060	32	X:T		114	85	+	
017	33	X²		061	02	2		115	43	RCL	
018	55	÷		062	66	PAU		116	11	11	
019	53	(		063	32	X:T		117	54)	
020	04	4		064	91	R/S		118	65	X	
021	93	.		065	42	STD		119	43	RCL	
022	04	4		066	12	12		120	12	12	
023	65	X		067	43	RCL		121	54)	
024	53	(		068	02	02		122	85	+	
025	43	RCL		069	65	X		123	43	RCL	
026	06	06		070	93	.		124	21	21	
027	75	-		071	00	0		125	95	=	
028	43	RCL		072	01	1		126	42	STD	
029	21	21		073	85	+		127	15	15	
030	95	=		074	01	1		128	22	INV	
031	32	X:T		075	95	=		129	77	GE	
032	01	1		076	65	X		130	39	CDS	
033	66	PAU		077	43	RCL		131	43	RCL	
034	32	X:T		078	12	12		132	10	10	
035	91	R/S		079	95	=		133	65	X	
036	42	STD		080	42	STD		134	01	1	
037	10	10		081	13	13		135	93	.	
038	65	X		082	43	RCL		136	00	0	
039	93	.		083	02	02		137	05	5	
040	01	1		084	65	X		138	95	=	
041	95	=		085	93	.		139	42	STD	
042	42	STD		086	00	0		140	10	10	
043	11	11		087	01	1					
				088	94	+/-					
				089	85	+					
				090	01	1					
				091	95	=					
				092	65	X					
				093	43	RCL					
				094	12	12					
				095	95	=					
				096	42	STD					
				097	14	14					

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
141	76	LBL		193	65	X		247	00	0	
142	39	CDS		194	43	RCL		248	42	STD	
143	43	RCL		195	14	14		249	11	11	
144	04	04		196	54	)		250	61	GTO	
145	85	+		197	85	+		251	88	DMS	
146	43	RCL		198	43	RCL		252	76	LBL	
147	03	03		199	20	20		253	89	π	
148	65	X		200	95	=		254	02	2	
149	53	(		201	42	STD		255	94	+/-	
150	43	RCL		202	17	17		256	65	X	
151	13	13		203	43	RCL		257	53	(
152	55	÷		204	05	05		258	43	RCL	
153	43	RCL		205	85	+		259	16	16	
154	08	08		206	43	RCL		260	75	-	
155	54	)		207	03	03		261	43	RCL	
156	28	LOG		208	65	X		262	18	18	
157	95	=		209	53	(		263	54)	
158	75	-		210	43	RCL		264	55	÷	
159	93	.		211	14	14		265	53	(
160	00	0		212	55	÷		266	43	RCL	
161	00	0		213	43	RCL		267	13	13	
162	02	2		214	08	08		268	75	-	
163	02	2		215	54	)		269	43	RCL	
164	65	X		216	28	LOG		270	14	14	
165	53	(		217	75	-		271	54)	
166	43	RCL		218	93	.		272	95	=	
167	15	15		219	00	0		273	42	STD	
168	75	-		220	00	0		274	19	19	
169	02	2		221	02	2		275	32	XIT	
170	05	5		222	02	2		276	43	RCL	
171	54	)		223	65	X		277	11	11	
172	95	=		224	53	(		278	65	X	
173	42	STD		225	43	RCL		279	01	1	
174	16	16		226	17	17		280	93	.	
175	32	XIT		227	75	-		281	00	0	
176	43	RCL		228	02	2		282	05	5	
177	09	09		229	05	5		283	95	=	
178	65	X		230	54	)		284	22	INV	
179	43	RCL		231	95	=		285	77	GE	
180	14	14		232	42	STD		286	77	GE	
181	65	X		233	18	18		287	43	RCL	
182	53	(		234	77	GE		288	11	11	
183	43	RCL		235	89	π		289	65	X	
184	01	01		236	00	0		290	93	.	
185	75	-		237	42	STD		291	09	9	
186	53	(		238	19	19		292	05	5	
187	43	RCL		239	43	RCL		293	95	=	
188	10	10		240	10	10		294	77	GE	
189	85	+		241	65	X		295	77	GE	
190	43	RCL		242	93	.					
191	11	11		243	01	1					
192	54	)		244	95	=					
				245	44	SUM					
				246	10	10					

MERGED CODES

62 Pgm Ind	72 STO Ind	83 GTO Ind
63 Exc Ind	73 RCL Ind	84 Op Ind
64 Prd Ind	74 SUM Ind	92 INV Ind

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
296	43	RCL		347	04	4		396	76	LBL	
297	10	10		348	66	PAU		397	77	GE	
298	65	X		349	32	X!T		398	43	RCL	
299	93	.		350	91	R/S		399	19	19	
300	09	9		351	42	STD		400	42	STD	
301	08	8		352	19	19		401	11	11	
302	95	=		353	43	RCL		402	61	GTO	
303	22	INV		354	18	18		403	88	DMS	
304	77	GE		355	85	+		404	76	LBL	
305	78	Σ+		356	43	RCL		405	38	SIN	
306	43	RCL		357	14	14		406	43	RCL	
307	23	23		358	65	X		407	24	24	
308	65	X		359	53	(		408	65	X	
309	43	RCL		360	53	(		409	43	RCL	
310	22	22		361	43	RCL		410	01	01	
311	65	X		362	24	24		411	55	÷	
312	53	(		363	55	÷		412	43	RCL	
313	43	RCL		364	43	RCL		413	25	25	
314	19	19		365	22	22		414	95	=	
315	65	X		366	54	)		415	42	STD	
316	53	(		367	85	+		416	26	26	
317	43	RCL		368	43	RCL		417	43	RCL	
318	13	13		369	19	19		418	24	24	
319	75	-		370	95	=		419	65	X	
320	43	RCL		371	42	STD		420	43	RCL	
321	14	14		372	25	25		421	01	01	
322	54	)		373	43	RCL		422	55	÷	
323	85	+		374	23	23		423	53	(
324	43	RCL		375	55	÷		424	43	RCL	
325	16	16		376	43	RCL		425	01	01	
326	75	-		377	22	22		426	75	-	
327	43	RCL		378	75	-		427	43	RCL	
328	18	18		379	43	RCL		428	25	25	
329	54	)		380	13	13		429	95	=	
330	55	+		381	55	÷		430	42	STD	
331	53	(		382	43	RCL		431	27	27	
332	43	RCL		383	14	14		432	43	RCL	
333	23	23		384	95	=		433	24	24	
334	65	X		385	29	CP		434	65	X	
335	43	RCL		386	77	GE		435	43	RCL	
336	14	14		387	38	SIN		436	10	10	
337	75	-		388	76	LBL		437	65	X	
338	43	RCL		389	78	Σ+		438	43	RCL	
339	22	22		390	03	3		439	22	22	
340	65	X		391	66	PAU		440	55	÷	
341	43	RCL		392	32	X!T		441	53	(
342	13	13		393	00	0		442	43	RCL	
343	54	)		394	23	LNx		443	11	11	
344	95	=		395	91	R/S		444	65	X	
345	42	STD						445	53	(
346	24	24									

MERGED CODES

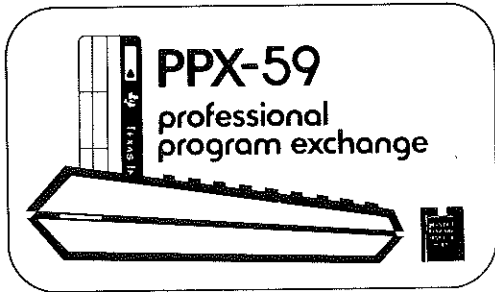
62	Pgm	Ind	72	STD	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
446	43	RCL		500	32	XIT					
447	24	24		501	05	5					
448	85	+		502	91	R/S					
449	43	RCL									
450	22	22									
451	65	X									
452	43	RCL									
453	11	11									
454	95	=									
455	28	LDG									
456	65	X									
457	01	1									
458	00	0									
459	95	=									
460	42	STD									
461	28	28									
462	53	(
463	01	1									
464	75	-									
465	53	(
466	43	RCL									
467	02	02									
468	65	X									
469	93	.									
470	00	0									
471	01	1									
472	54)									
473	54)									
474	33	X²									
475	65	X									
476	53	(
477	43	RCL									
478	01	01									
479	33	X²									
480	65	X									
481	43	RCL									
482	10	10									
483	54)									
484	55	÷									
485	53	(
486	08	8									
487	65	X									
488	53	(
489	43	RCL									
490	10	10									
491	85	+									
492	43	RCL									
493	19	19									
494	54)									
495	33	X²									
496	95	=									
497	42	STD									
498	00	00									
499	05	5									

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prc	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

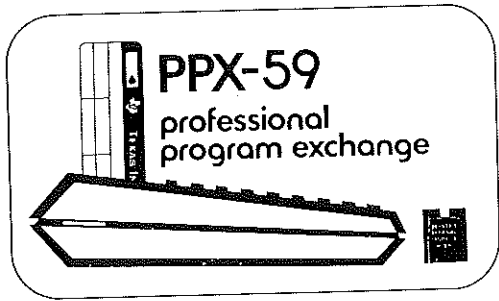
Submission Abstract

Program Title RF AMPLIFIER ANALYSIS				Rev.
<p>Abstract of Program</p> <p>Given the Y - parameters of a two port network, such as a transistor used as an RF Amplifier, this program calculates the input admittance, transducer gain and Linvill's C - factor for a specified load admittance assumed to be pure conductance.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Original SR-52 Program by R. B. Formeister, Phoenix, Arizona, September 1976</p>				
<p>User Benefits:</p> <p>Provides short-cut to the design of input matching networks based on loading in collector circuit, while predicting performance and alerting the designer to possible stability problems.</p>				
Category Name <u>Electronic Eng.</u>	Required Progs. <u>None</u>	Prog. Steps <u>307</u>	Card Sides <u>2</u>	PC-100A Needed <input type="checkbox"/> Library Module ID <input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Submittal Agreement</p> <p>All of the information forwarded herewith is contributed to Texas Instruments on a nonconfidential, nonobligatory basis; no relationship, confidential or otherwise, express or implied, is established with Texas Instruments by this contribution. Texas Instruments may use, copyright, distribute, publish, reproduce or sell this information in any way it chooses, without compensation to me. To my knowledge, this data is not copyrighted, and contribution of this information to Texas Instruments by me does not breach any obligation to any other person or organization relating to proprietary or confidential information.</p> <p>Signature _____ Date _____ Name <u>Texas Instruments</u> Tel. No. _____ Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____</p>				<p>Submission Checklist</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Recorded Magnetic Cards <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Submission Abstract <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Program Description <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User Instructions <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sample Problem <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Listing <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Program Description

Program Title:	RF Amplifier Analysis	Rev.
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Method, Equations, Sketches, Limitations, References, Error Recovery:

The Linvill stability factor is computed from the equation

$$C = \frac{|y_{12} y_{21}|}{2g_{11} g_{22} - R_e(y_{12} y_{21})}$$

If C is less than unity, the device is unconditionally stable. If C is > 1, the device is potentially unstable depending on source and load admittances.

The transducer gain, G_{oo} , is computed from the relation that:

$$G_{oo} = \frac{c}{2} \left| \frac{y_{21}}{y_{12}} \right|$$

Since an accurate input impedance match is usually desired, a model using the y-parameters with specified load admittance and assuming resonance is forced on the output port (real load only) has been solved for Y_{in} , the complex input admittance. The value found for Y_{in} can then be used to design the input matching network.

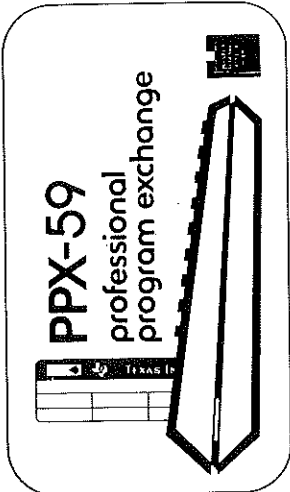
The effect of source impedance on output admittance is usually small when computing Y_{in} . These solutions have been found to be very accurate in actual application, where

$$B_{in} = b_{11} + \text{Im} \left[\frac{-y_{12} y_{21}}{g_{22} + G_L} \right]$$

$$G_{in} = g_{11} + \text{Re} \left[\frac{-y_{12} y_{21}}{g_{22} + G_L} \right]$$

NOTATION

Any type of notation (floating, engineering, EE, or FIX) may be used but it must be specified in program steps 8, 9, and 10. Engineering notation is recommended and is used in sample and listing.



User Instructions

Program Title
RF Amplifier Analysis

List Input Calc/C Bin Gin Goo

Partition (OP 17) Parenthesis Levels
479 59 * 1 t Register

Angular Mode SBR Levels
(if applicable) N/A 2 Absolute Addresses

Library Module ID * for TI-58
N/A 319.19 Disturbs Pending Operations

LABELS (Op 08)

INV	INX	CE	CLR	FXI	ZI	INX	CE	CLR	FXI	ZI
YX	YX	STO	RCL	SUM	Y*	YX	STO	RCL	SUM	Y*
EE	EE	Y	Y	GTO	X	EE	Y	Y	GTO	X
SBR	SBR	RSI	+	R/S	.	SBR	RSI	+	R/S	.
+/-	+/-	CLR	INV	OP	CP	+/-	CLR	INV	OP	CP
FR	FR	P+1	OP	OS	OS	FR	P+1	OP	OS	OS
LOC	LOC	121	LOC	111	111	LOC	121	LOC	111	111
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP
LOC	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP	LOC	P+1	LOC	OP	OP

USER DEFINED KEYS

A Print Input
 B Calculate/Print/
 C display Bin
 D display Gin
 E Display Goo

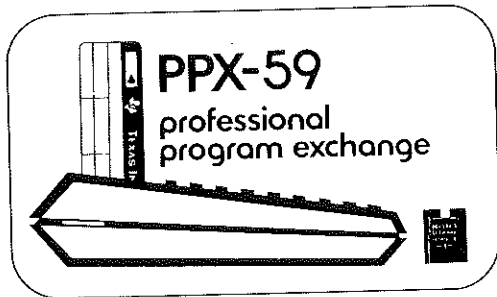
A'
 B'
 C'
 D'
 E'

FLAGS	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
-------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	DATA REGISTERS (INV)
1	Enter Program				0 I/o Looping
2	Enter Y- Parameters of device to be analyzed	G11 G12 G21 G22 B11 B12 B21 B22 GL	STO 0 STO 1 STO 2 STO 3 STO 4 STO 5 STO 6 STO 7 STO 8 STO 9	G11 G12 G21 G22 B11 B12 B21 B22 GL	1 G11 2 G12 3 G21 4 G22 5 B11 6 B12 7 B21 8 B22 9 GL 0 G12 x G21 1 B12 x B21 2 R10 - R11 3 B12 x G21 4 G12 x B21 5 R12 - R14 6 C 7 Bin 8 Gin 9 Goo (DB)
3	Enter Load Conductance				
4	Print input parameters to check (with PC100A Only)			Input parameters with labels are printed	
5	Calculate, print output, display stability factor		A	Stability factor (C), Bin, Gin, Goo are printed. Only C is displayed.	
6	DISPLAY Bin		B		
7	DISPLAY Gin		C		
8	DISPLAY Goo		D E		

Modes: (n) * -Printed only (n) -Displayed Briefly (Pause)
 n* -Printed and displayed

With printer, follow steps 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
 Without printer, follow steps 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8.



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Sample Problem

Statement of Example

Calculate the performance of a transistor whose y-parameters are:

$$Y_{11} = 3.0 + j3.8 \text{ mmho}$$

$$Y_{12} = .017 - j.37 \text{ mmho}$$

$$Y_{21} = 57 - j32 \text{ mmho}$$

$$Y_{22} = .54 + j1.1 \text{ mmho}$$

Assume a collector circuit load of 470 ohms ($=G_L$)

NOTE: Watch units of measure!

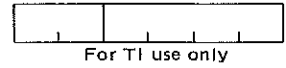
See Continuation Sheet

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
3×10^{-3}	STO 01	3. -03	G_{11}
$.017 \times 10^{-3}$	STO 02	17. - 06	G_{12}
57×10^{-3}	STO 03	57. - 03	G_{21}
$.54 \times 10^{-3}$	STO 04	540. - 06	G_{22}
3.8×10^{-3}	STO 05	3.8 -03	B_{11}
$-.37 \times 10^{-3}$	STO 06	-370. -06	B_{12}
-32×10^{-3}	STO 07	-32. -03	B_{21}
1.1×10^{-3}	STO 08	1.1 -03	B_{22}
470	1/x	2.1276596. -03	G_L
	STO 09	2.1276596. -03	
	A	3. -03 G11	Print input parameters with labels
		17. -06 G12	
		57. -03 G21	
		540. -06 G22	
		3.8 -03 B11	
		-370. -06 B12	
		-32. -03 B21	
		1.1 -03 B22	
	B	2.1276596-03 GL	Calculate, Print all output, display C only
		1.2828109 00 C	
		11.90973 -03 BIN	
		7.0751077 -03 GIN	
		20.538394 00 GOO	

Mo. -ly (n)—Displayed Briefly (Pause)
displayed

Over

PPX-59 Professional Program
 Exchange
 Sample Problem (cont'd)



ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
	C	11.90973 - 03	B _{in}
	E	7.0751077 -03	G _{in}
	D	20.538394 00	G _{oo}
Modes: (n)*--Printed only (n)--Displayed Briefly (Pause) n*--Printed and displayed			

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL		053	65	*		107	42	STD	
001	98	ADV		054	43	RCL		108	19	19	
002	22	INV		055	02	02		109	43	RCL	
003	58	FIX		056	95	=		110	03	03	
004	22	INV		057	42	STD		111	33	X²	
005	57	ENG		058	14	14		112	85	+	
006	69	OP		059	85	+		113	43	RCL	
007	04	04		060	43	RCL		114	07	07	
008	57	ENG		061	13	13		115	33	X²	
009	68	NOP		062	95	=		116	95	=	
010	68	NOP		063	42	STD		117	55	÷	
011	73	RC*		064	15	15		118	43	RCL	
012	00	00		065	43	RCL		119	19	19	
013	69	OP		066	12	12		120	95	=	
014	20	20		067	33	X²		121	34	FX	
015	69	OP		068	85	+		122	55	÷	
016	06	06		069	43	RCL		123	02	2	
017	92	RTN		070	15	15		124	65	*	
018	76	LBL		071	33	X²		125	43	RCL	
019	12	B		072	95	=		126	16	16	
020	43	RCL		073	34	FX		127	95	=	
021	02	02		074	42	STD		128	28	LOG	
022	65	*		075	16	16		129	65	*	
023	43	RCL		076	43	RCL		130	01	1	
024	03	03		077	04	04		131	00	0	
025	95	=		078	85	+		132	95	=	
026	42	STD		079	43	RCL		133	42	STD	
027	10	10		080	09	09		134	19	19	
028	43	RCL		081	95	=		135	43	RCL	
029	06	06		082	65	*		136	04	04	
030	65	*		083	43	RCL		137	85	+	
031	43	RCL		084	01	01		138	43	RCL	
032	07	07		085	75	-		139	09	09	
033	95	=		086	43	RCL		140	95	=	
034	42	STD		087	10	10		141	35	1/X	
035	11	11		088	85	+		142	65	*	
036	94	+/-		089	43	RCL		143	53	(
037	85	+		090	11	11		144	43	RCL	
038	43	RCL		091	95	=		145	11	11	
039	10	10		092	35	1/X		146	75	-	
040	95	=		093	65	*		147	43	RCL	
041	42	STD		094	43	RCL		148	10	10	
042	12	12		095	16	16		149	54)	
043	43	RCL		096	95	=		150	85	+	
044	06	06		097	42	STD		151	43	RCL	
045	65	*		098	16	16		152	01	01	
046	43	RCL		099	43	RCL		153	95	=	
047	03	03		100	02	02					
048	95	=		101	33	X²					
049	42	STD		102	85	+					
050	13	13		103	43	RCL					
051	43	RCL		104	06	06					
052	07	07		105	33	X²					
				106	95	=					

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	tic	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

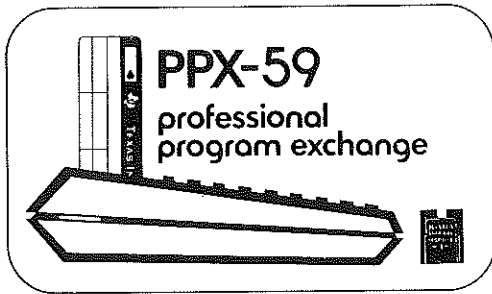
PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

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LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
154	42	STO		203	02	2		258	02	2	
155	18	18		204	02	2		259	02	2	
156	43	RCL		205	00	0		260	00	0	
157	04	04		206	01	1		261	03	3	
158	85	+		207	00	0		262	00	0	
159	43	RCL		208	01	1		263	03	3	
160	09	09		209	71	SBR		264	71	SBR	
161	95	=		210	98	ADV		265	98	ADV	
162	35	1/X		211	43	RCL		266	01	1	
163	65	x		212	16	16		267	04	4	
164	43	RCL		213	92	RTN		268	00	0	
165	15	15		214	76	LBL		269	02	2	
166	95	=		215	13	C		270	00	0	
167	94	+/-		216	43	RCL		271	02	2	
168	85	+		217	17	17		272	71	SBR	
169	43	RCL		218	92	RTN		273	98	ADV	
170	05	05		219	76	LBL		274	01	1	
171	95	=		220	14	D		275	04	4	
172	42	STO		221	43	RCL		276	00	0	
173	17	17		222	18	18		277	02	2	
174	01	1		223	92	RTN		278	00	0	
175	06	6		224	76	LBL		279	03	3	
176	42	STO		225	15	E		280	71	SBR	
177	00	00		226	43	RCL		281	98	ADV	
178	01	1		227	19	19		282	01	1	
179	05	5		228	92	RTN		283	04	4	
180	00	0		229	76	LBL		284	00	0	
181	00	0		230	11	A		285	03	3	
182	00	0		231	01	1		286	00	0	
183	00	0		232	42	STO		287	02	2	
184	98	ADV		233	00	00		288	71	SBR	
185	71	SBR		234	02	2		289	98	ADV	
186	98	ADV		235	02	2		290	01	1	
187	01	1		236	00	0		291	04	4	
188	04	4		237	02	2		292	00	0	
189	02	2		238	00	0		293	03	3	
190	04	4		239	02	2		294	00	0	
191	03	3		240	71	SBR		295	03	3	
192	01	1		241	98	ADV		296	71	SBR	
193	71	SBR		242	02	2		297	98	ADV	
194	98	ADV		243	02	2		298	02	2	
195	02	2		244	00	0		299	02	2	
196	02	2		245	02	2		300	02	2	
197	02	2		246	00	0		301	07	7	
198	04	4		247	03	3		302	00	0	
199	03	3		248	71	SBR		303	00	0	
200	01	1		249	98	ADV		304	71	SBR	
201	71	SBR		250	02	2		305	98	ADV	
202	98	ADV		251	02	2		306	92	RTN	
				252	00	0					
				253	03	3					
				254	00	0					
				255	02	2					
				256	71	SBR					
				257	98	ADV					

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prc	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

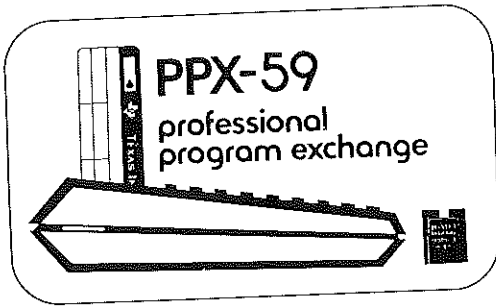
Submission Abstract

Program Title BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR ANALYSIS				Rev.
Abstract of Program <p>This program calculates the emitter bypass and coupling capacitors for a B.J.T. circuit. The program is designed for a low frequency analysis. The capacitors are found using pole zero cancellation.</p>				
<p>Original SR-52 Program by Alan Charbonneau, San Luis Obispo, California, Sept. 1976.</p>				
User Benefits: <p>This program allows the user to vary circuit parameters and quickly determine the effect on the biasing capacitors.</p>				
Category Name <u>Electronics</u> <u>Eng.</u>	Required Progs. <u>None</u>	Prog. Steps <u>282</u>	Card Sides <u>2</u>	PC-100A Needed <input type="checkbox"/> Library Module ID <input type="checkbox"/>
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Signature _____ Date _____ Name <u>Texas Instruments</u> Tel. No. _____ Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____				

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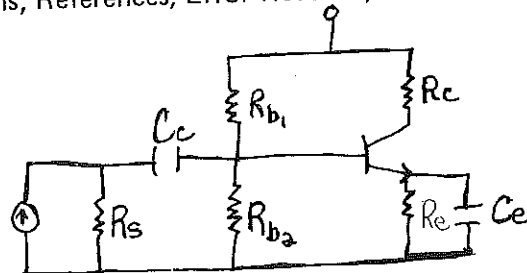


TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Program Description

Program Title: Bipolar Junction Transistor Analysis	Rev.
--	------

Method, Equations, Sketches, Limitations, References, Error Recovery:



In order to solve for the values of the coupling capacitors (C_c , C_e), R_{B1} , R_{B2} , R_c , R_e , R_s , h_{ie} , h_{fe} and the lower cutoff frequency (f_L) (in Hz) desired must all be known. These equations only apply for a low frequency analysis.

$$R_B = \frac{(R_{B1})(R_{B2})}{(R_{B1} + R_{B2})}$$

$$R_s' = \frac{(R_s)(R_B)}{(R_s + R_B)}$$

$$R_{\square} = \frac{R_s + (R_B)(h_{ie})}{(R_B + h_{ie})}$$

$$B = \frac{R_B + h_{ie} + R_e(h_{fe} + 1)}{R_B + h_{ie}}$$

$$K = \frac{R_s' + h_{ie} + R_e(h_{fe} + 1)}{R_s' + h_{ie}}$$

$$f_c = \frac{(B - 1)f_L}{B(K - 1)}$$

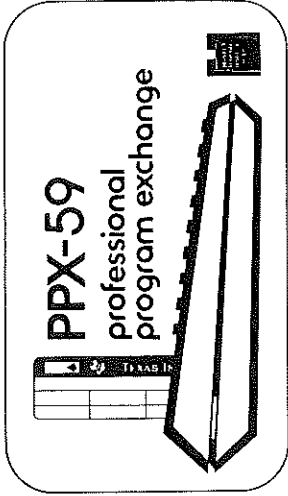
$$f_{\square} = \frac{f_L}{B} = \frac{1}{R_{\square} C_c}$$

$$C_c = \frac{1}{2\pi f_{\square} R_{\square}}$$

$$C_e = \frac{1}{2\pi f_c R_e}$$

References: L. F. Amplifier Notes. Calif. Polytechnic St. Univ. (San Luis Obispo)

Any type of notation (Floating, Engineering, EE, or FIX) may be used but it must be specified in program steps 8, 9 and 10. Engineering notation is recommended and is used in sample and listing.



User Instructions

Program Title Bipolar Junction Transistor Analysis

R _{B2}	R _e	f _L	h _{fe}	C _E
R _{a1}	R _c	R _s	h _{ie}	C _c

Partition (OP 17) Parenthesis Levels
 479 59 * 3 t Register

Angular Mode SBR Levels Absolute Addresses
 n/a 1

Library Module ID *for TI-58 Disturbs Pending Operations
 n/a 319.19

LABELS (Op 08)

INV	INX	CE	CLR	X+1	X-1	X*	X/2
√	1/x	STO	RCL	SUM	Y*	Y*	Y*
EE	()	()	()	GTO	X	X	X
SBR	-	RST	+	R/S	.	.	.
+/-	≡	CLR	INV	10%	CP	CP	CP
DBR	DBI	P-A	P-B	10%	10%	10%	10%
LC	PC	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
DBE	DBF	X+1	X-1	10%	10%	10%	10%
DBI	DBJ	X*	X/2	10%	10%	10%	10%
DBK	DBL	DBM	DBN	DBO	DBP	DBQ	DBR
DBS	DBT	DBU	DBV	DBW	DBX	DBY	DBZ

USER DEFINED KEYS

A	Enter R _{B1}
B	Enter R _c
C	Enter R _s
D	Enter h _{ie}
E	Displays C _c
A'	Enter R _{B2}
B'	Enter R _e
C'	Enter f _L
D'	Enter h _{fe}
E'	Displays C _e

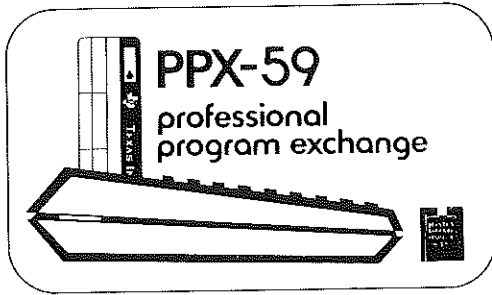
FLAGS	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
-------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	DATA REGISTERS (INV. KEY)
1	Enter Program				0
2	Enter R _{B1}	R _{B1}	A	R _{B1}	1 R _{B1}
3	Enter R _{B2}	R _{B2}	*A	R _{B2}	2 R _{B2}
4	Enter R _c	R _c	B	R _c	3 R _c
5	Enter R _e	R _e	*B	R _e	4 R _e
6	Enter R _s	R _s	C	R _s	5 R _s
7	Enter f _L (Cutoff freq.)	f _L	*C	f _L	6 f _L
8	Enter h _{ie}	h _{ie}	D	h _{ie}	7 h _{ie}
9	Enter h _{fe}	h _{fe}	*D	h _{fe}	8 h _{fe}
10	Press E to solve for C _c		E	C _c	9 R _B
11	Press *E to solve for C _e		*E	C _e	10 B
					11 R _s
					2
					3
					4
					5
					6
					7
					8
					9

Steps 2-9 may be executed in any order desired and can be changed after the program has been run individually.
 Step 11 must always follow step 10 and this must be repeated for each variable change.
 If program will be used exclusively with a printer, Step 201 can be changed from GTO to SBR. It is then only necessary to press E for output. *E' will then be executed automatically after E.

Modes: (n) * - Printed only (n) - Displayed Briefly (Pause)
 n * - Printed and displayed

See Continuation Sheet



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Sample Problem

Statement of Example

Given Circuit Parameters:

$$R_{B1} = 150k\Omega$$

$$R_{B2} = 39k\Omega$$

$$R_C = 5.6k\Omega$$

$$R_e = 2.2k\Omega$$

$$h_{fe} = 80$$

$$h_{ie} = 1.3k\Omega$$

$$f_L = 250H$$

$$R_s = 4.7k\Omega$$

Each parameter may be varied by choosing the appropriate user defined key.

See Continuation Sheet

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
150×10^3	A	150.03 RB1	Enter R_{B1}
39×10^3	2nd A'	39.03 RB2	Enter R_{B2}
5.6×10^3	B	5.6 03 RC	Enter R_C
2.2×10^3	2nd B'	2.2 03 RE	Enter R_e
4.7×10^3	C	4.7 03 RS	Enter R_s
250	2nd C'	250. 00 FL	Enter f_L
1.3×10^3	D	1.3 03 HIE	Enter h_{ie}
80	2nd D'	80. 00 HFE	Enter h_{fe}
	E	698.44205-09 CC	C_c calculated
	2nd E'	11.318692-06 CE	C_e calculated
			All values printed and displayed.
<p>Modes: (n)*—Printed only (n)—Displayed Briefly (Pause) n*—Printed and displayed</p>			

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL		054	76	LBL		106	76	LBL	
001	99	PRT		055	17	B*		107	19	D*	
002	22	INV		056	42	STD		108	42	STD	
003	57	ENG		057	04	04		109	08	08	
004	22	INV		058	32	X:T		110	32	X:T	
005	58	FIX		059	03	3		111	02	2	
006	69	DP		060	05	5		112	03	3	
007	04	04		061	01	1		113	02	2	
008	57	ENG		062	07	7		114	01	1	
009	68	NOP		063	00	0		115	01	1	
010	68	NOP		064	00	0		116	07	7	
011	32	X:T		065	61	GTO		117	61	GTO	
012	69	DP		066	99	PRT		118	99	PRT	
013	06	06		067	76	LBL		119	76	LBL	
014	92	RTN		068	13	C		120	15	E	
015	76	LBL		069	42	STD		121	43	RCL	
016	11	A		070	05	05		122	01	01	
017	42	STD		071	32	X:T		123	65	*	
018	01	01		072	03	3		124	43	RCL	
019	32	X:T		073	05	5		125	02	02	
020	03	3		074	03	3		126	55	÷	
021	05	5		075	06	6		127	53	(
022	01	1		076	00	0		128	43	RCL	
023	04	4		077	00	0		129	01	01	
024	00	0		078	61	GTO		130	85	+	
025	02	2		079	99	PRT		131	43	RCL	
026	61	GTO		080	76	LBL		132	02	02	
027	99	PRT		081	18	C*		133	54)	
028	76	LBL		082	42	STD		134	95	=	
029	16	A*		083	06	06		135	42	STD	
030	42	STD		084	32	X:T		136	09	09	
031	02	02		085	02	2		137	85	+	
032	32	X:T		086	01	1		138	43	RCL	
033	03	3		087	02	2		139	07	07	
034	05	5		088	07	7		140	85	+	
035	01	1		089	00	0		141	43	RCL	
036	04	4		090	00	0		142	04	04	
037	00	0		091	61	GTO		143	65	*	
038	03	3		092	99	PRT		144	53	(
039	61	GTO		093	76	LBL		145	43	RCL	
040	99	PRT		094	14	D		146	08	08	
041	76	LBL		095	42	STD		147	85	+	
042	12	B		096	07	07		148	01	1	
043	42	STD		097	32	X:T		149	54)	
044	03	03		098	02	2		150	95	=	
045	32	X:T		099	03	3		151	55	÷	
046	03	3		100	02	2		152	53	(
047	05	5		101	04	4		153	43	RCL	
048	01	1		102	01	1		154	09	09	
049	05	5		103	07	7					
050	00	0		104	61	GTO					
051	00	0		105	99	PRT					
052	61	GTO									
053	99	PRT									

MERGED CODES

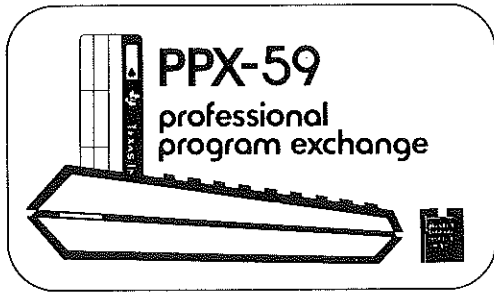
62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Pro	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENT
155	85	+		203	76	LBL		244	75	-	
156	43	RCL		204	10	E*		245	01	1	
157	07	07		205	43	RCL		246	95	=	
158	54	)		206	05	05		247	65	x	
159	95	=		207	65	x		248	43	RCL	
160	42	STD		208	43	RCL		249	10	10	
161	10	10		209	09	09		250	95	=	
162	55	+		210	55	+		251	55	+	
163	53	(		211	53	(		252	53	(
164	53	(		212	43	RCL		253	43	RCL	
165	53	(		213	05	05		254	04	04	
166	43	RCL		214	85	+		255	65	x	
167	09	09		215	43	RCL		256	53	(
168	65	x		216	09	09		257	43	RCL	
169	43	RCL		217	54	)		258	10	10	
170	07	07		218	95	=		259	75	-	
171	54	)		219	42	STD		260	01	1	
172	55	+		220	11	11		261	54)	
173	53	(		221	85	+		262	65	x	
174	43	RCL		222	43	RCL		263	43	RCL	
175	09	09		223	07	07		264	06	06	
176	85	+		224	85	+		265	65	x	
177	43	RCL		225	43	RCL		266	02	2	
178	07	07		226	04	04		267	65	x	
179	54	)		227	65	x		268	89	π	
180	85	+		228	53	(		269	54)	
181	43	RCL		229	43	RCL		270	95	=	
182	05	05		230	08	08		271	32	X!T	
183	54	)		231	85	+		272	01	1	
184	65	x		232	01	1		273	05	5	
185	02	2		233	54	)		274	01	1	
186	65	x		234	95	=		275	07	7	
187	89	π		235	55	+		276	00	0	
188	65	x		236	53	(		277	00	0	
189	43	RCL		237	43	RCL		278	71	SBR	
190	06	06		238	11	11		279	99	PRT	
191	54	)		239	85	+		280	98	ADV	
192	95	=		240	43	RCL		281	92	RTN	
193	32	X!T		241	07	07					
194	01	1		242	54)					
195	05	5		243	95	=					
196	01	1									
197	05	5									
198	00	0									
199	00	0									
200	98	ADV									
201	61	GTD									
202	99	PRT									

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Lrc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	Ind



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
 Calculator Products Division

Submission Abstract

Program Title POWER SUPPLY FILTER DESIGN	Rev.
--	------

Abstract of Program

Calculates the value of filter capacitor, load resistance, average output voltage, minimum and maximum output voltage for both full- and half-wave rectifier circuits. User specifies line frequency, secondary voltage, rectifier voltage drop, maximum desired ripple and maximum load current.

Original SR-52 Program by B. R. Kelso, FPO New York, N.Y.

User Benefits:

Rapid component selection and guaranteed maximum ripple.

Category Name <u>Electron. Eng.</u>	Required Progs. _____	Prog. Steps <u>322</u>	Card Sides <u>2</u>	PC-100A Needed <input type="checkbox"/> Library Module ID _____ <input type="checkbox"/>
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Signature _____ Date _____
 Name Texas Instruments Tel. No. _____
 Address _____
 City _____ State _____ Zip _____

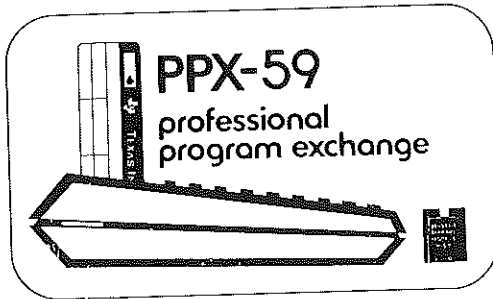
Submission Checklist

- Recorded Magnetic Cards
- Submission Abstract
- Program Description
- User Instructions
- Sample Problem
- Listing
- _____
- _____

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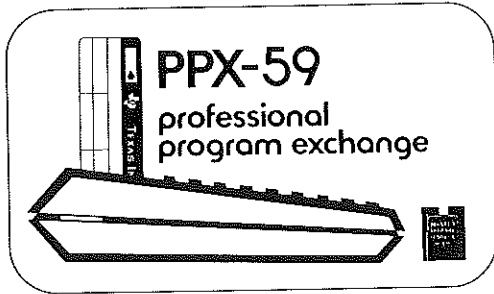
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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Program Description

Program Title: Power Supply Filter Design	Rev.
Method, Equations, Sketches, Limitations, References, Error Recovery:	
<p>This procedure makes the assumption that the transformer (fig. 1) will be operated within its design limits. First, peak secondary voltage is found based on the secondary's nominal RMS rating:</p> $E_o(pk) = \sqrt{2} V_s$ <p>where V_s is the secondary voltage (RMS). Next, the load resistance is calculated:</p> $R_L = E_o(pk) / I_L$ <p>Where I_L is the maximum load current. Next, $t_{(a-c)}$ is found (fig. 2)</p> $t_{(a-c)} = (1/f_L) / 2 \text{ for full-wave circuits, or}$ $t_{(a-c)} = 1/f_L \text{ for half-wave circuits, where } f_L$ <p>is the primary line frequency. Next, the ripple frequency f is found:</p> $f = 1/t_{(a-c)}$ <p>Next, the ripple factor is calculated:</p> $f_r = e_r / 100$ <p>where e_r is the maximum ripple in percent. Next, $t_{(d-b)}$ is found:</p> $t_{(d-b)} = \arcsin((E_o(pk) - f_r E_o(pk)) / E_o(pk)) / 2 \pi f_L$ <p>Next, $t_{(a-b)}$ is found:</p> $t_{(a-b)} = (1/f_L) / 4 + t_{(d-b)} \text{ for full-wave circuits, or}$ $t_{(a-b)} = 3((1/f_L) / 4) + t_{(d-b)} \text{ for half-wave circuits.}$ <p>Next, the capacitor value is found:</p> $C = t_{(a-b)} / R_L \ln(1 / (1 - f_r))$ <p>Next, the average output voltage is found:</p> $E_o(avg) = (E_o(pk) - f_r E_o(pk) + E_o(pk)) / 2$ <p>Next, the minimum output voltage is found:</p> $E_o(min) = f_r E_o(pk)$	
<input type="checkbox"/> See Continuation Sheet	



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

Program Title: POWER SUPPLY FILTER DESIGN	Rev.
---	------

Reference: Cogburn, Onis J., "Power Supply Design Made Fast and Simple", Electronics magazine, August 30, 1973

Figure 1: Basic Circuit

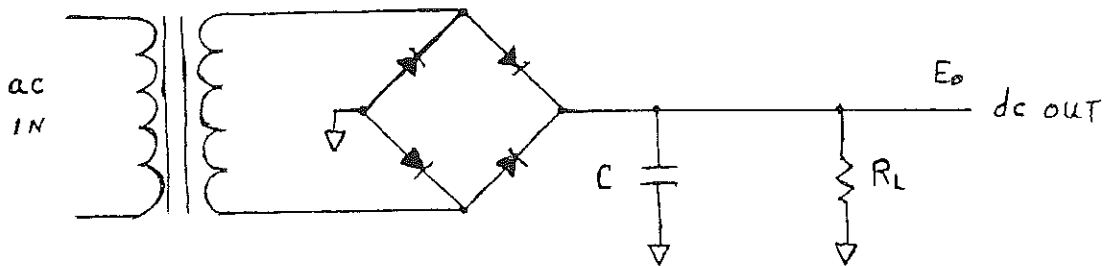
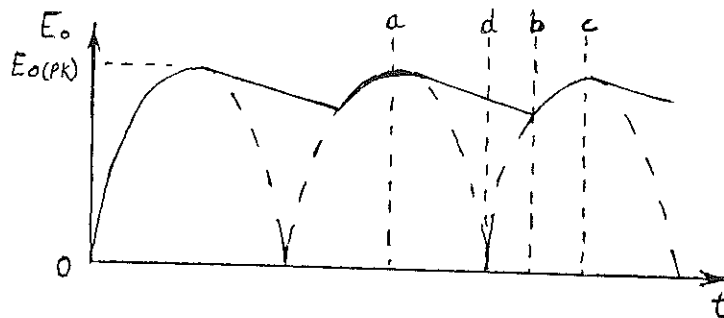


Figure 2: Output Waveform



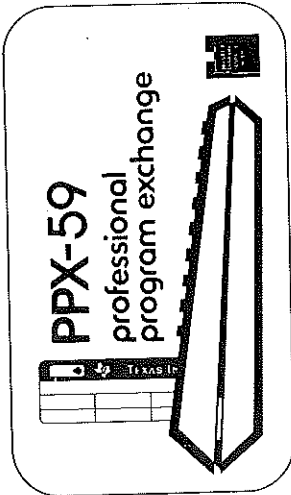
Limitations:

1. Procedure valid only when the transformer is operated within its design limits.
2. Rectifier forward voltage drop must be doubled before entering if a full-wave bridge circuit is used.

NOTATION:

Any type of notation (floating, ENGINEERING, EE or FIX) may be used but it must be specified in program steps 8, 9 and 10. ENGINEERING notation is recommended and is used in sample and listing.

6 5 8 0 0 4



User Instructions

Program Title Power Supply Filter Design

Full Wave	Half Wave	Display	I_L
f_L	V_s	V_d max. rip	I_L

Partition (OP 17) Parenthesis Levels

479 59 1 t Register

Angular Mode SBR Levels Absolute Addresses

(if applicable) RAD 1 Disturbs Pending Operations

Library Module ID N/A

LABELS (Op 08)

INV	INZ	CE	CLR	Z<1	Z<2
\sqrt{x}	V/2	STO	RCL	SUM	\sqrt{x}
EE	()	()	-	GTO	X
SBR	-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RST	+ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> INV	LOG	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CP
+/-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> INV	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P-R	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> COS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CHS	
ENT	ENT	ENT	ENT	ENT	ENT
DEC	DEC	DEC	DEC	DEC	DEC
INC	INC	INC	INC	INC	INC
NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG	NEG
ABS	ABS	ABS	ABS	ABS	ABS
INT	INT	INT	INT	INT	INT
ADR	ADR	ADR	ADR	ADR	ADR

USER DEFINED KEYS

A Line Frequency

B Secondary Voltage

C Rectifier Drop

D Max. Ripple (%)

E Maximum Load

A' Full Wave/Execute

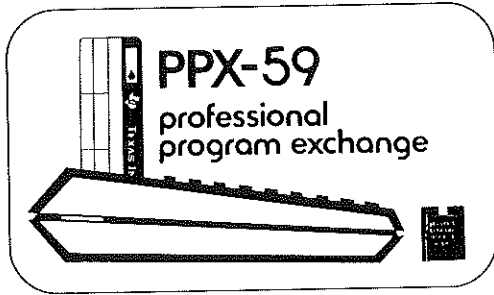
B' Half Wave/Execute

C' Display Results

D'

E'

STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	DATA REGISTERS (INV) (LINE)
1	Enter Program				0
2	Enter line frequency (Hz)	f_L	A	f_L	1 f_L
3	Enter secondary voltage (rms)	V_s	B	V_s	2 V_s
4	Enter rectifier voltage drop (volts). Double this value if a bridge is used.	V_d	C	V_d	3 V_d
5	Enter maximum desired ripple in percent. Enter maximum desired filtering action with the smallest capacitor value.	C_r (%)	D	e_r (%)	4 e_r (%)
6	Enter maximum load current	I_L	E	I_L	5 I_L
7a	Execute for full wave		2nd A	All output is printed with labels	6 $E_o(pk)$
7b	Execute for half wave		2nd B	All output is printed with labels	7 R_L
8	If printer unavailable - DISPLAY ROUTINE:		2nd C	PAUSE DISPLAYED	8 f
9	Examine capacitor value (farads)		R/S	(1) C	9 f_r
10	Examine resistor value (ohms)		R/S	(2) R_L	0 C
11	Examine average output (volts)		R/S	(3) $E_o(ave)$	1 $E_o(ave)$
12	Examine peak output (volts)		R/S	(4) $E_o(pk)$	2 $E_o(pk)$
	Examine minimum output (volts)		R/S	(5) $E_o(min)$	3 $t_{(a-b)}$
	Steps 2-6 may be executed in any order.				4 $t_{(d-b)}$
					5 $E_o(min)$
					6
					7
					8
					9



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Sample Problem

Statement of Example

Design an unregulated full-wave bridge power supply which will provide 3 amps current from a transformer with a 24 vac secondary. Ripple must not be greater than 15% at full load. The primary line frequency is 60 Hz and each rectifier drops 0.65v when conducting.

Change to Radian Mode

See Continuation Sheet

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
60	A	60.00 FL	Line Frequency
24	B	24.00 VS	Secondary volts
1.3	C	1.300 VD	Rectifier drop X 2
15	D	15.00 %ER	Ripple (%)
3	E	3.00 IL	Load Current
		Printed and Displayed	
	2nd A	FULL WAVE	Full Wave Output
		3.8804387 -03 C	Printed Only.
		10.880375 - 00 RL	
		30.193041 00 AVG	
		32.641125 00 PK	
		27.744957 00 MIN	
	2nd C	(1) 3.8804387 -03	C = 3880 μF
	R/S	(2) 10.880375 00	R _L = 10.88 ohms
	R/S	(3) 30.193041 00	E _o (Avg) = 30.2 vdc
	R/S	(4) 32.641125 00	E _o (pk) = 32.6 v
	R/S	(5) 27.744957 00	E _o (min) = 27.7
		(Pause) / Display	
Modes: (n)*--Printed only (n)--Displayed Briefly (Pause) n*--Printed and displayed			

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

658006

For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL		048	76	LBL		099	43	RCL	
001	99	PRT		049	14	D		100	01	01	
002	22	INV		050	42	STD		101	22	INV	
003	57	ENG		051	04	04		102	87	IFF	
004	22	INV		052	32	X:T		103	00	00	
005	58	FIX		053	06	6		104	38	SIN	
006	69	DP		054	01	1		105	65	x	
007	04	04		055	01	1		106	02	2	
008	57	ENG		056	07	7		107	95	=	
009	68	NOP		057	03	3		108	76	LBL	
010	68	NOP		058	05	5		109	38	SIN	
011	32	X:T		059	61	GTO		110	42	STD	
012	69	DP		060	99	PRT		111	08	08	
013	06	06		061	76	LBL		112	43	RCL	
014	92	RTN		062	15	E		113	04	04	
015	76	LBL		063	42	STD		114	55	÷	
016	11	A		064	05	05		115	01	1	
017	42	STD		065	32	X:T		116	00	0	
018	01	01		066	02	2		117	00	0	
019	32	X:T		067	04	4		118	95	=	
020	02	2		068	02	2		119	42	STD	
021	01	1		069	07	7		120	09	09	
022	02	2		070	61	GTO		121	49	PRD	
023	07	7		071	99	PRT		122	14	14	
024	61	GTO		072	76	LBL		123	94	+/-	
025	99	PRT		073	17	B*		124	85	+	
026	76	LBL		074	22	INV		125	01	1	
027	12	B		075	76	LBL		126	95	=	
028	42	STD		076	16	A*		127	22	INV	
029	02	02		077	86	STF		128	38	SIN	
030	32	X:T		078	00	00		129	55	÷	
031	04	4		079	70	RAD		130	02	2	
032	02	2		080	02	2		131	55	÷	
033	03	3		081	34	FX		132	89	π	
034	06	6		082	65	x		133	55	÷	
035	61	GTO		083	43	RCL		134	43	RCL	
036	99	PRT		084	02	02		135	01	01	
037	76	LBL		085	75	-		136	95	=	
038	13	C		086	43	RCL		137	42	STD	
039	42	STD		087	03	03		138	12	12	
040	03	03		088	95	=		139	43	RCL	
041	32	X:T		089	42	STD		140	01	01	
042	04	4		090	06	06		141	35	1/X	
043	02	2		091	42	STD		142	55	÷	
044	01	1		092	14	14		143	04	4	
045	06	6		093	55	÷		144	87	IFF	
046	61	GTO		094	43	RCL		145	00	00	
047	99	PRT		095	05	05		146	28	LOG	
				096	95	=					
				097	42	STD					
				098	07	07					

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SE

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

6,38,004

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LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
147	65	x		196	69	DP		251	43	RCL	
148	03	3		197	00	00		252	07	07	
149	76	LBL		198	22	INV		253	32	X:T	
150	28	LDG		199	57	ENG		254	03	3	
151	85	+		200	22	INV		255	05	5	
152	43	RCL		201	58	FIX		256	02	2	
153	12	12		202	04	4		257	07	7	
154	95	=		203	03	3		258	71	SBR	
155	42	STD		204	01	1		259	99	PRT	
156	13	13		205	03	3		260	43	RCL	
157	55	+		206	04	4		261	11	11	
158	43	RCL		207	02	2		262	32	X:T	
159	07	07		208	01	1		263	01	1	
160	55	+		209	07	7		264	03	3	
161	53	(		210	69	DP		265	04	4	
162	01	1		211	03	03		266	02	2	
163	75	-		212	87	IFF		267	02	2	
164	43	RCL		213	00	00		268	02	2	
165	09	09		214	85	+		269	71	SBR	
166	54	)		215	02	2		270	99	PRT	
167	35	1/X		216	03	3		271	43	RCL	
168	23	LNK		217	01	1		272	06	06	
169	95	=		218	03	3		273	32	X:T	
170	42	STD		219	02	2		274	03	3	
171	10	10		220	07	7		275	03	3	
172	01	1		221	02	2		276	02	2	
173	94	+/-		222	01	1		277	06	6	
174	49	PRD		223	61	GTO		278	00	0	
175	14	14		224	75	-		279	00	0	
176	43	RCL		225	76	LBL		280	71	SBR	
177	06	06		226	85	+		281	99	PRT	
178	44	SUM		227	02	2		282	43	RCL	
179	14	14		228	01	1		283	14	14	
180	75	-		229	04	4		284	32	X:T	
181	53	(		230	01	1		285	03	3	
182	24	CE		231	02	2		286	00	0	
183	65	x		232	07	7		287	02	2	
184	43	RCL		233	02	2		288	04	4	
185	09	09		234	07	7		289	03	3	
186	95	=		235	76	LBL		290	01	1	
187	85	+		236	75	-		291	71	SBR	
188	43	RCL		237	69	DP		292	99	PRT	
189	06	06		238	02	02		293	98	ADV	
190	95	=		239	98	ADV		294	92	RTN	
191	55	+		240	69	DP		295	76	LBL	
192	02	2		241	05	05		296	18	C*	
193	95	=		242	43	RCL		297	01	1	
194	42	STD		243	10	10		298	66	PAU	
195	11	11		244	32	X:T		299	43	RCL	
				245	01	1		300	10	10	
				246	05	5		301	91	R/S	
				247	00	0					
				248	00	0					
				249	71	SBR					
				250	99	PRT					

MERGED CODES

62	Prm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Trc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	OP	Ind
64	Trd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

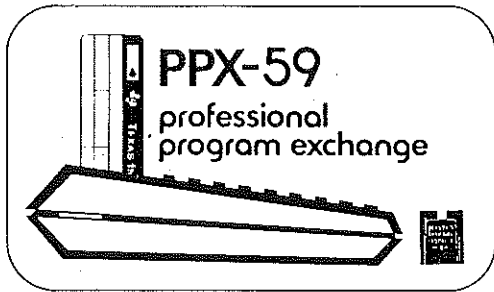
PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

65800
For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENT
302	02	2									
303	66	PAU									
304	43	RCL									
305	07	07									
306	91	R/S									
307	03	3									
308	66	PAU									
309	43	RCL									
310	11	11									
311	91	R/S									
312	04	4									
313	66	PAU									
314	43	RCL									
315	06	06									
316	91	R/S									
317	05	5									
318	66	PAU									
319	43	RCL									
320	14	14									
321	92	RTM									

MERGED CODES

62	Per	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Inc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	Ind



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Submission Abstract

Program Title ZENER POWER SUPPLY DESIGN	Rev.
---	------

Abstract of Program

This program calculates component values and power rating pertaining to a Zener Diode regulated power supply. It can be used without a PC-100A using user defined keys or interactively with the printer prompting for input and results printed with headings.

Original SR-52 Program by B. R. Kelso, FPO New York.

User Benefits:

This program results in significant time savings to the user.

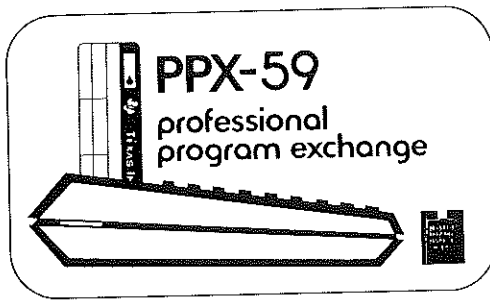
Category <u>Electronic</u> Name <u>Eng.</u>	Required Progs. _____	Prog. Steps <u>208</u>	Card Sides <u>1</u>	PC-100A Needed <input type="checkbox"/> Library Module ID _____ <input type="checkbox"/>
--	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------------	--

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Signature _____	Date _____	
Name <u>Texas Instruments</u>	Tel. No. _____	
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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Program Description

Program Title: ZENER POWER SUPPLY DESIGN	Rev.
--	------

Method, Equations, Sketches, Limitations, References, Error Recovery:

First, the limiting resistor current is found:

$$I_{RI} = I_{ZMIN} + I_{OUTMAX}$$

Where I_{ZMIN} = minimum Zener Operating Current

I_{OUTMAX} = maximum anticipated power supply load current

Then, the limiting resistor voltage drop is found:

$$E_{RI} = V_{CC} - V_Z$$

Where V_{CC} is the unregulated input voltage

V_Z is the rated Zener voltage

Next, the limiting resistor value is found:

$$R_I = E_{RI} / I_{RI}$$

Then, the limiting resistor power rating is found:

$$P_{RIMAX} = I_{RI} E_{RI} K$$

Where $K = 2$ (which operates the resistor at 50% rating)

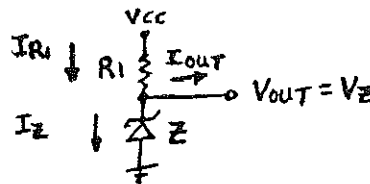
Next, the maximum power dissipated by the Zener Diode is calculated:

$$P_{Emax} = I_{RI} V_Z$$

Then, the safe Zener Diode Power Rating is found:

$$P_Z = 2 P_{ZMAX}$$

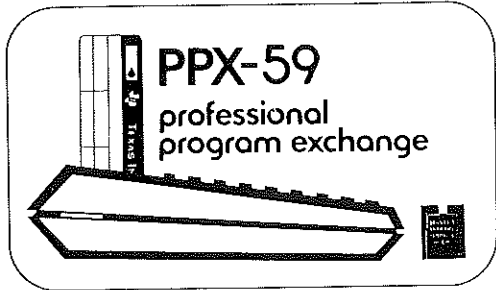
NOTE: The resistor power rating and the Zener Diode Power Rating are twice the actual power dissipation. Basic Circuit:



SPECIAL NOTES ON PARTITIONING: The memory between steps 160 and 239 (data registers 90-99) is split between data memory and program memory to save space and to enable program to be recorded on 2 card banks. For this reason, partitioning is done under program control in the interactive version. At the end of the interactive version the memory space is repartitioned to 479.59 (6 op 17). It is suggested that the magnetic card be recorded at 479.59 (6OP 17), the initial calculator partition, so that repartitioning is not necessary prior to reading the card.

The user defined key version may be used without reading in card bank 2. If the interactive version is never to be used, it is only necessary to key in steps 120-207 and the alphanumeric data registers are unnecessary. The user-defined key version (without printer) does not partition under program control and may be used with any partition except 159.99 or 959.00.

For printer version, engineering or fix notation should not be used. Any type of notation may be used without printer.



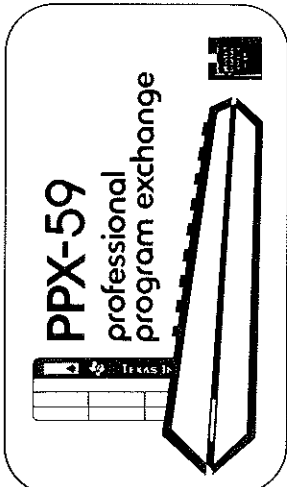
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

Program Title: ZENER POWER SUPPLY DESIGN	Rev.
---	------

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR KEYING IN AND RECORDING PROGRAM

1. Set partition to 159.99 (10 op 17)
2. Store alphanumeric data registers 60-93 only.
3. Repartition to 239.89 (9 op 17)
4. Key in steps 000-207 or program (be careful, step 208 is really part of an alphanumeric data register).
5. Repartition to 479.59 (6 op 17)
6. Record Magnetic Card Banks 1 and 2.



User Instructions

Program Title ZENER POWER SUPPLY DESIGN

R ₁	P _{RI}	P _Z	I _{Supply}	Interactive
V _{CC}	V _Z = V _{out}	I _{ZMIN}	I _{OUTMAX}	Execute

Partition (OP 17) Parenthesis Levels
 479 59 1 t Register

Angular Mode SBR Levels Absolute Addresses
 (if applicable) 1

Library Module ID Disturbs Pending Operations

LABELS (Op 08)

INV	INX	CE	CLR	ZST	Z+
VZ	VZ	STO	RCL	SUM	Y+
EE	L	J	-	GTO	X
SBR	-	RST	+	R/S	.
+/-	=	CLR	INV	log	CP
LEN	POL	P-R	SW	CO.S	CM5
EC	IND	EX	ENG	✓FH	INT
ORG	PAUSE	Z=+	Aug	OP	Red
LD	Z=+	Z+	Z-	DRM	ST/0
RI	0.1MS	✓	1st	✓White	0.5s
AR	✓	PR	✓		

USER DEFINED KEYS

A	Enter Input Voltage
B	Enter Output Voltage
C	Enter Min. Zener Curr
D	Enter Output Curr
E	Execute
A'	Examine R ₁
B'	Examine P _{RI}
C'	Examine P _Z
D'	Examine I _{Supply}
E'	Start interactive

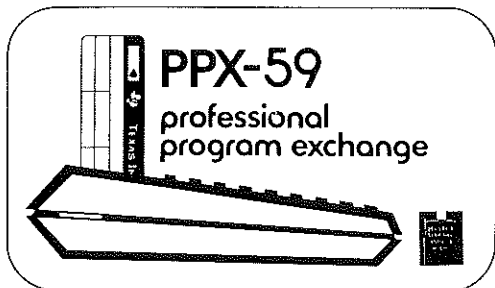
FLAGS	Not Used ⁰	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
-------	-----------------------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)
1	USING USER-DEFINED KEYS (WITHOUT A PRINTER:) Enter program (Only Bank 1 necessary if used without printer)			
2	Enter unregulated input (volts)	V _{CC}	A	V _{CC}
3	Enter desired Output (volts)	V _Z = V _{out}	B	V _Z = V _{out}
4	Enter desired Minimum Zener bias current (amps)	I _{ZMIN}	C	I _{ZMIN}
5	Enter Maximum Output Load Current (amps)	I _{OUTMAX}	D	I _{OUTMAX}
6	Execute		E	P _Z
7	Examine Value of R ₁ (ohms)		2nd A'	R ₁
8	Examine Power Rating of R ₁ (watts)		2nd B'	P _{RI}
9	Examine Power Rating of Zener Diode (watts)		2nd C'	P _Z
10	Examine Power Source Load Current (amps)		2nd D'	I _{Supply}

DATA REGISTERS (INV) (LOC)

60 - 93	Alphanumeric Registers
0 ⁵	Used for DSZ
0 ⁶	Used for Reg. Index
0 ⁷	Used for Print Reg. Index
1 ¹	V _{CC}
1 ²	V _Z = V _{out}
1 ³	I _{ZMIN}
1 ⁴	I _{OUTMAX}
1 ⁵	R ₁
1 ⁶	P _{RI} MAX
1 ⁷	P _Z MAX
1 ⁸	I _{RI}
1 ⁹	I _{ERI}

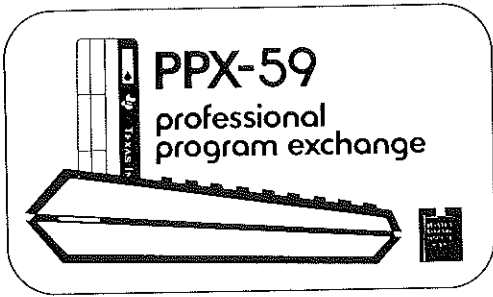
Modes: (n) • —Printed only (n) —Displayed Briefly (Pause)
 n • —Printed and displayed



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

Program Title:		ZENER POWER SUPPLY DESIGN			Rev.
INTERACTIVE (WITH A PC-100A): (USER INSTRUCTIONS)					
Step	Procedure	Enter	Press	Printed Output	
1	ENTER PROGRAM (Banks 1 and 2)				
2	RESET AND START PROGRAM: PRINT HEADING (Or Press 2nd E')		RST R/S	ZENER POWER SUPPLY DESIGN SOURCE VOLTAGE ?	
3	ENTER UNREGULATED INPUT VOLTAGE AFTER "?" Prompt.	V _{cc}	R/S	(SOURCE VOLTAGE) VOLT ? ZENER VOLTAGE ?	
4	ENTER DESIRED OUTPUT Voltage after "?" prompt	V _Z = V _{out}	R/S	(ZENER VOLTAGE) VOLT ? MIN ZENER CURR ?	
5	ENTER DESIRED MINIMUM Zener Bias Current in Amps after "?" prompt.	I _Z MIN	R/S	(MIN ZENER CURR) AMPS MAX OUTPUT CURR ?	
6	ENTER MAXIMUM OUTPUT Load Current in Amps after "?" prompt	I _{OUT} MAX	R/S	(MAX OUTPUT CURR) AMPS	
7	SIT BACK AND WATCH. Values will be printed with appropriate headings.			R _I VALUE (Value of R _I) Ohms R _I POWER (R _I Power Rating) Watt ZENER PWR (Zener Power Rating) Watt SRC CURR (Source Load Current) Amps	

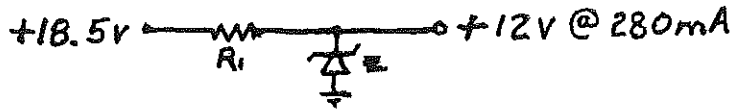


TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Sample Problem

Statement of Example

A regulated 12 volt D.C. source is needed to supply a maximum of 0.28 amps from an 18.5 volt source. The basic circuit is shown below:



Find the value of R_1 , the power rating of R_1 , the power rating of the Zener Diode and the maximum current drain on the 18.5 volt source, minimum Zener Current = .02A.

☐ See Continuation Sheet

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
WITHOUT A PRINTER -- USING USER DEFINED KEYS:			
18.5	A	18.5	Source Voltage
12	B	12.	Zener Voltage
.02	C	0.02	min. Zener Current
.28	D	0.28	max. Output Current
	E	7.2	Execute
	2nd A'	21.66666667	Value of R_1 (Ω)
	2nd B'	3.9	R_1 Power Rating (w)
	2nd C'	7.2	Zener Power Rating (w)
	2nd D'	0.3	Source Current (A)
INTERACTIVE (WITH A PC-100A)			
	E'	ZENER POWER SUPPLY DESIGN	
18.5	R/S	Source Voltage ? 18.5 VOLT	Enter source voltage after question mark
12	R/S	Zener Voltage ? 12. VOLT	Enter Zener Voltage after question mark
.02	R/S	Min. Zener Curr ? 0.02 Amps	Enter Minimum Zener Current after question mark
.28	R/S	Max. Output Curr ? 0.28 Amps	Enter Maximum Output current after ? results appear shortly.
Modes: (n)* --Printed only (n) --Displayed Briefly (Pause) n* --Printed and displayed			

PPX-59 Professional Program
 Exchange
 Sample Problem (cont'd)

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
		RI VALUE 21.66666667 OHMS RI POWER 3.9 WATT ZENER PWR 7.2 WATT SRC CURR 0.3 AMPS	
Modes: (n)* --Printed only (n)--Displayed Briefly (Pause) n*..Printed and displayed			

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL		055	15	E		110	73	RC*	
001	10	E*		056	98	ADV		111	07	07	
002	22	INV		057	04	4		112	69	DP	
003	58	FIX		058	42	STD		113	04	04	
004	22	INV		059	05	05		114	32	X:T	
005	57	ENG		060	76	LBL		115	69	DP	
006	25	CLR		061	57	ENG		116	27	27	
007	01	1		062	98	ADV		117	69	DP	
008	00	0		063	69	DP		118	06	06	
009	69	DP		064	00	00		119	92	RTN	
010	17	17		065	71	SBR		120	76	LBL	
011	08	8		066	98	ADV		121	15	E	
012	08	8		067	73	RC*		122	53	(
013	42	STD		068	06	06		123	43	RCL	
014	07	07		069	71	SBR		124	13	13	
015	69	DP		070	90	LST		125	85	+	
016	00	00		071	69	DP		126	43	RCL	
017	71	SBR		072	26	26		127	14	14	
018	99	PRT		073	97	DSZ		128	54)	
019	71	SBR		074	05	05		129	42	STD	
020	99	PRT		075	57	ENG		130	18	18	
021	09	9		076	06	6		131	32	X:T	
022	69	DP		077	69	DP		132	53	(
023	17	17		078	17	17		133	43	RCL	
024	06	6		079	00	0		134	11	11	
025	00	0		080	92	RTN		135	75	-	
026	42	STD		081	76	LBL		136	43	RCL	
027	07	07		082	99	PRT		137	12	12	
028	01	1		083	73	RC*		138	54)	
029	01	1		084	07	07		139	53	(
030	42	STD		085	69	DP		140	42	STD	
031	06	06		086	01	01		141	19	19	
032	04	4		087	69	DP		142	55	+	
033	42	STD		088	27	27		143	32	X:T	
034	05	05		089	76	LBL		144	54)	
035	76	LBL		090	98	ADV		145	42	STD	
036	89	#		091	73	RC*		146	15	15	
037	98	ADV		092	07	07		147	53	(
038	07	7		093	69	DP		148	43	RCL	
039	01	1		094	02	02		149	18	18	
040	69	DP		095	69	DP		150	65	x	
041	04	04		096	27	27		151	32	X:T	
042	71	SBR		097	73	RC*		152	65	x	
043	99	PRT		098	07	07		153	02	2	
044	00	0		099	69	DP		154	54)	
045	91	R/S		100	03	03		155	42	STD	
046	72	ST*		101	69	DP		156	16	16	
047	06	06		102	27	27		157	53	(
048	71	SBR		103	69	DP		158	32	X:T	
049	90	LST		104	05	05		159	65	x	
050	69	DP		105	92	RTN		160	43	RCL	
051	26	26		106	76	LBL					
052	97	DSZ		107	90	LST					
053	05	05		108	32	X:T					
054	89	#		109	25	CLR					

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STD	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

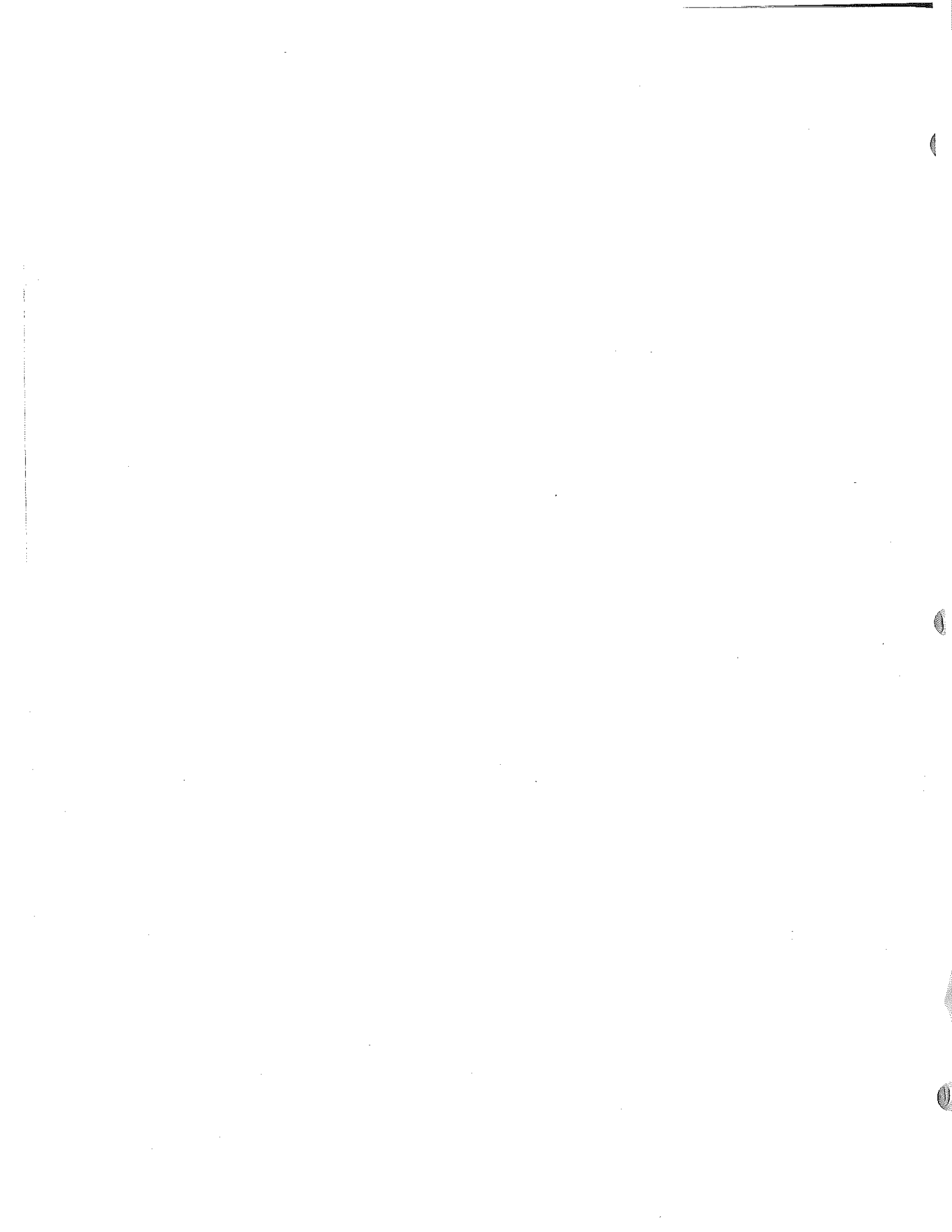
PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

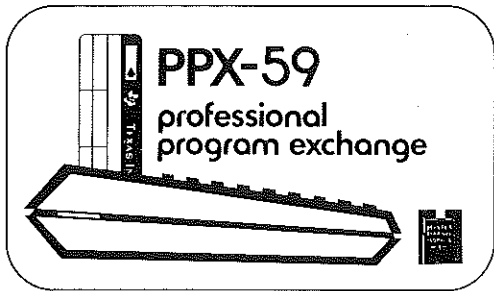
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LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
161	12	12									
162	65	X									
163	02	2	See Note on entering Program in				Labels and Locations				
164	54	)	"Program Description"								
165	42	STO						001	10	E'	
166	17	17						036	89	π	
167	92	RTN						061	57	ENG	
168	76	LBL	Alphanumeric Data Registers					082	99	PRT	
169	11	A						090	98	ADV	
170	42	STO	Contents			Reg.		107	90	LST	
171	11	11	3632413515.			60		121	15	E	
172	92	RTN	1700423227.			61		169	11	A	
173	76	LBL	3713221700.			62		174	12	B	
174	12	B	42322737.			63		179	13	C	
175	42	STO	4617311735.			64		184	14	D	
176	12	12	42322737.			65		189	16	A'	
177	92	RTN	1322170000.			66		194	17	B'	
178	76	LBL	42322737.			67		199	18	C'	
179	13	C	3024310046.			68		204	19	D'	
180	42	STO	1731173500.			69					
181	13	13	1541353500.			70					
182	92	RTN	13303336.			71					
183	76	LBL	3013440032.			72					
184	14	D	4137334137.			73					
185	42	STO	15413535.			74					
186	14	14	13303336.			75					
187	92	RTN	3502004213.			76					
188	76	LBL	2741170000.			77					
189	16	A'	32233036.			78					
190	43	RCL	3502003332.			79					
191	15	15	4317350000.			80					
192	92	RTN	43133737.			81					
193	76	LBL	4617311735.			82					
194	17	B'	33433500.			83					
195	43	RCL	43133737.			84					
196	16	16	3635150015.			85					
197	92	RTN	4135350000.			86					
198	76	LBL	13303336.			87					
199	18	C'	461731.			88					
200	43	RCL	1735003332.			89					
201	17	17	4317350000.			90					
202	92	RTN	36413333.			91					
203	76	LBL	2745001617.			92					
204	19	D'	3624223100.			93					
205	43	RCL									
206	18	18									
207	92	RTN									

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Enc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR





TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Submission Abstract

Program Title RESISTIVE VOLTAGE DIVIDER	Rev.
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Abstract of Program

This program was assembled to provide the user with a method to quickly design (empirically) resistive voltage divider networks often encountered in basic designs; and to evaluate the various parameters of intermediate and completed network designs.

Original SR-52 Program by Clarence R. Carpenter, Pittsburgh, PA., September, 1976.

User Benefits:

Saves engineering time and provides complete engineering data (i.e. voltage levels, resistance values and power dissipated by the divider resistors, and all currents.

Category <u>Electronic</u>	Required Progs. _____	Prog. Steps <u>155</u>	Card Sides <u>1</u>	PC-100A Needed <input type="checkbox"/>
Name <u>Eng.</u>				Library Module ID _____ <input type="checkbox"/>

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 Name Texas Instruments Tel. No. _____
 Address _____
 City _____ State _____ Zip _____

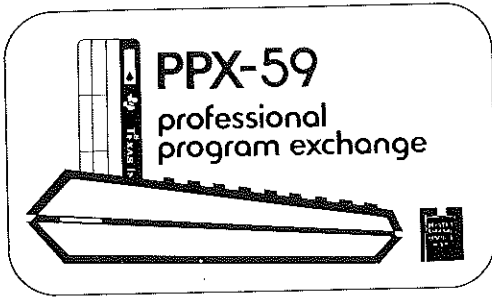
Submission Checklist

- Recorded Magnetic Cards
- Submission Abstract
- Program Description
- User Instructions
- Sample Problem
- Listing
- _____
- _____

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Program Description

Program Title: <p style="text-align: center;">Resistive Voltage Divider</p>	Rev.
--	------

Method, Equations, Sketches, Limitations, References, Error Recovery:

Given three (of eleven) parameters describing a resistive voltage divider network, as inputs, the program will compute the values of the remaining eight. The program is divided into two separate sections and will accept two different sets of input parameters.

(1) E_i, E_o & R_t

(2) E_i, R_1, R_2

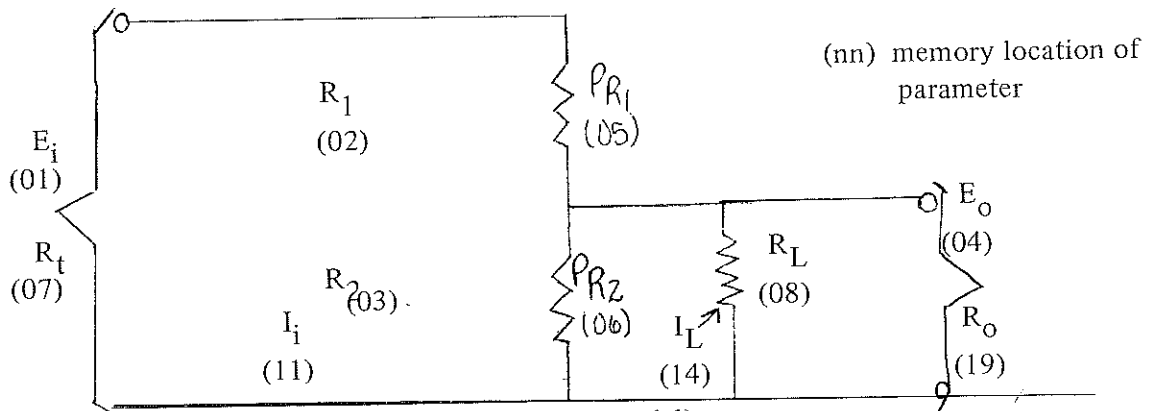
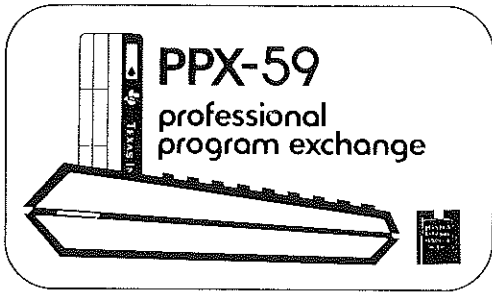


Figure 1. Resistive Voltage Divider (program model).

Table 1. Parameter Description and Derivation.

symbol	description	derivation
E_i	input voltage	keyboard input (ki)
E_o	output voltage	$I_i \times R_o$ or (ki)
R_1	divider resistor	$E_i - E_o \div I_i$ or (ki)
R_2	divider resistor	$R_o \times R_L \div R_L - R_o$ or (ki)
R_o	output (net) resistance	$R_2 \times R_L \div R_L + R_2$
R_t	total (input) resistance	$R_o + R_1$ or (ki)



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

Program Title: RESISTIVE VOLTAGE DIVIDER	Rev.
--	------

TABLE 1 - (Continued) Parameter Description and Derivation

I_i	input (source) current	$E_i \div R_t$
I_{RL}	load current	$E_o \div R_L$
P_{R1}	power disipated by R_1	$I_1^2 \times R_1$
P_{R2}	power disipated by R_2	$E_o^2 \div R_2$
R_L	load resistor	programed or (ki)

Procedure.

The intended procedure for the development of a resistive voltage divider network utilizes the first program section to determine initial values for R_1 and R_2 and to check other variables for reasonable values (or levels)

Standard values for R_1 and R_2 are then chosen (See Table 2) and the second section of the program is run to recompute all parameter values.

Note 1.

In both sections of the program the input variables may be entered in any order and only changed input variables need to be entered for subsequent calculations; that is, previous input values, which are still valid, need not be reentered.

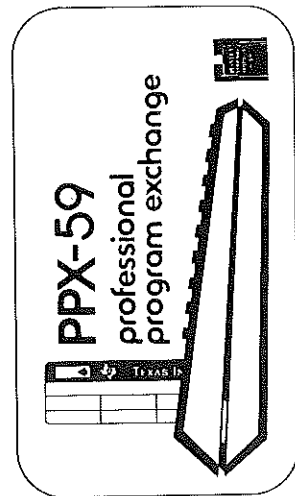
Note 2.

For convenience $R_L = 1$ megohm has been incorporated in the program, however, any value (> zero) for R_L may be substituted in the program by keying in the following sequence:

enter	press	display
desired value of R_L (> 0)	STO 0 8	R_L

TABLE 2. One decade of STANDARD VALUE (5%) RESISTORS.

1.1	1.6	2.4	3.6	5.1	7.5
1.2	1.8	2.7	3.9	5.6	8.2
1.3	2.0	3.0	4.3	6.2	9.1
1.5	2.2	3.3	4.7	6.8	10.0



Program Title RESISTIVE VOLTAGE DIVIDER

run-1	E _o -out	R ₁ -out	R ₂ -out	run-2
E ₁ -in	E _o -in	R ₁ -in	R ₂ -in	R _t -in

Partition (OP 17) Parenthesis Levels
 479 59 * t Register

Angular Mode SBR Levels Absolute Addresses
 (if applicable) N/A 1

Library Module ID * for TI-58 Disturbs Pending Operations
 N/A 239.29

LABELS (Op 08)

INV	INC	CE	CLR	Z=1	Z=2
F/	V/	STO	RCL	SUM	Y*
EE	C	1	÷	GTD	X
SBR	-	RST	+	R/S	.
+/-	≡	CLR	INV	INC	OP
OP	OP	F-1	SM	EOS	MS
ED	ED	1	LOG	TR	IMP
DEG	PAUSE	Z=1	Nop	OP	Rad
LDI	Z=1	Z=2	Z	Grad	STOp
ILD	OMS	OP	IRL	WRITE	BS/
SD	PL				

USER DEFINED KEYS

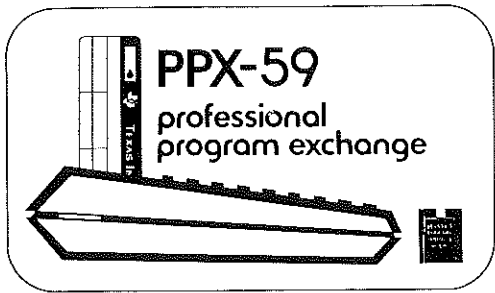
A	Enter E ₁
B	Enter E _o
C	Enter R ₁
D	Enter R ₂
E	Enter R _t
A'	run program-1
B'	Display E _o
C'	Display R ₁
D'	Display R ₂
E'	run program-2

User Instructions

FLAGS	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
-------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	DATA REGISTERS (INV IRL)
1	Enter Program Given: E ₁ , E _o , & R _t - Find: R ₁ , R ₂ , I ₁ , IRL, P _{R1} & P _{R2} Enter known parameters (any order)	E ₁ E _o R _t RL	A B E 0 8	E ₁ E _o R _t RL IRL	0 1 E ₁ 2 R ₁ 3 R ₂ 4 E _o 5 P _{R1} 6 P _{R2} 7 R _t 8 RL 9
b.	(if R _L ≠ 10 ⁶ ohms) (else press R/S after E) Run program --to display all parameters, go to step 3.		STO 2nd A'	IRL	
2.	Given: E ₁ , R ₁ , & R ₂ - Find: E _o , R _t , I ₁ , IRL, P _{R1} & P _{R2} Enter known parameters (any order)	E ₁ R ₁ R ₂ RL	A C D 0 8 E'	E ₁ R ₁ R ₂ RL IRL	0 1 I ₁ 12 13 14 IRL 15 16 17 18 19 R _o
a.	(if R _L ≠ 10 ⁶ ohms) (else press R/S after E) Run program - 2 -- to display all parameters, go to step 3. To display desired parameters after running either program --	E ₁ E _o	RCL 2nd B'	E ₁ E _o	
3					

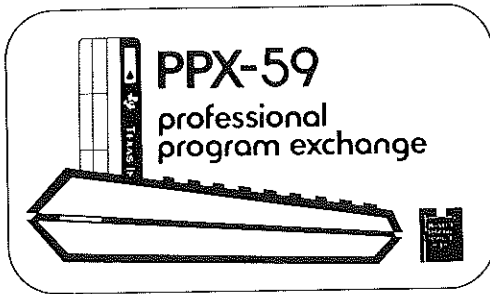
Modes: (n) - Printed only (n) - Displayed Briefly (Pause)
 n - Entered and displayed



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

Program Title:	Rev.
RESISTIVE VOLTAGE DIVIDER	
R_1	2nd C' R_1
R_2	2nd D' R_2
R_t	RCL 0 7 R_t
I_i	RCL 1 1 I_i
I_{RL}	RCL 1 4 I_{RL}
P_{R1}	RCL 0 5 P_{R1}
P_{R2}	RCL 0 6 P_{R2}



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Sample Problem

Statement of Example

Design a resistive voltage divider network which will provide an output voltage of 5.5 volts 0.25 volts with an input voltage of 7.15 volts. The network will be presented with a load resistance of 10,000 ohms. The input current (source loading) shall be between 0.9 and 1.1 ma. Determine the standard (5%) resistance values for R_1 and R_2 , also the minimum (standard) power rating of both resistors which will allow at least 200% safety margin.

See Continuation Sheet

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
Enter program			
The total resistance (R_t) is determined by E_i , I_i and in this case is 7150 ohms The following sequence will enter the initial values and compute the precise values for R_1 and R_2 .			
(R_t) 7150	E	7150	
(E_i) 7.15	A	7.15	
(E_o) 5.5	B	5.5	
(R_L) 10000	STO 0 8	10000	
run program 1	2nd A'	0.00055	load current (I_{RL})
display R1	2nd C'	1650	ohms (R1)
Display R2	2nd D'	1222.2222	ohms (R2)
Select standard values for R1 and R2 (from table 2) as inputs to program 2. (E_i) need not be reentered - see note 1).			
(R1) 1600	C	1600	
(R2) 12000	D	12000	
run program 2	2nd E'	.0005528351	load current (IRL)
display E_o	2nd B'	5.528350515	volts (E_o)
display I_i	RCL 1 1	.0010135309	amps (I_i)
<p>Modes: (n)*—Printed only (n)—Displayed Briefly (Pause) n*—Printed and displayed</p>			

Over

PPX-59 Professional Program
 Exchange
 Sample Problem (cont'd)

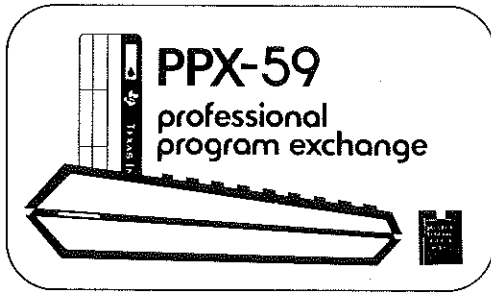
ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
<p>These values for R1 and R2 meet the tolerances set in the original problem, however other values could (and should) be tried.</p>			
<p>Enter 1800 ohms for R1 and recompute.</p>			
(R1) 1800	C	1800	
run program	2 2nd E'	0.000537594	amps (I_{RL})
display Eo	2nd B'	5.37593985	volts
<p>Although still within tolerance, the error in output voltage is greater than the first run. Try a new standard value for R2 (15 Kohms).</p>			
(R2) 15 000	D	15000	
run program	2 2nd E'	0.00055	amps (I_{RL})
display Eo	2nd B'	5.5	volts
display Ii	RCL 1 1	.0009166667	amps
display PR1	RCL 0 5	0.0015125	watts
display PR2	RCL 0 6	0.0020166667	watts
<p>These computed values are within the tolerances required - Eo being exact.</p>			
<p>Standard 1/10 watt resistors would be suitable for both R1 and R2.</p>			
<p>(Total design time including loading the program - less than 5 minutes.)</p>			
<p>Modes: (n)*--Printed only (n)--Displayed Briefly (Pause) n*--Printed and displayed</p>			

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL		055	85	+		109	76	LBL	
001	16	R*		056	43	RCL		110	17	B*	
002	43	RCL		057	03	03		111	43	RCL	
003	01	01		058	95	=		112	04	04	
004	55	÷		059	42	STD		113	92	RTN	
005	43	RCL		060	19	19		114	76	LBL	
006	07	07		061	85	+		115	18	C*	
007	95	=		062	43	RCL		116	43	RCL	
008	42	STD		063	02	02		117	02	02	
009	11	11		064	95	=		118	92	RTN	
010	43	RCL		065	42	STD		119	76	LBL	
011	01	01		066	07	07		120	19	D*	
012	75	-		067	35	1/X		121	43	RCL	
013	43	RCL		068	65	x		122	03	03	
014	04	04		069	43	RCL		123	92	RTN	
015	95	=		070	01	01		124	76	LBL	
016	55	÷		071	95	=		125	11	A	
017	43	RCL		072	42	STD		126	42	STD	
018	11	11		073	11	11		127	01	01	
019	95	=		074	65	x		128	92	RTN	
020	42	STD		075	43	RCL		129	76	LBL	
021	02	02		076	19	19		130	12	B	
022	94	+/-		077	95	=		131	42	STD	
023	85	+		078	42	STD		132	04	04	
024	43	RCL		079	04	04		133	92	RTN	
025	07	07		080	76	LBL		134	76	LBL	
026	95	=		081	48	EXC		135	13	C	
027	42	STD		082	43	RCL		136	42	STD	
028	19	19		083	11	11		137	02	02	
029	65	x		084	33	X²		138	92	RTN	
030	43	RCL		085	65	x		139	76	LBL	
031	08	08		086	43	RCL		140	14	D	
032	55	÷		087	02	02		141	42	STD	
033	53	(		088	95	=		142	03	03	
034	43	RCL		089	42	STD		143	92	RTN	
035	08	08		090	05	05		144	76	LBL	
036	75	-		091	43	RCL		145	15	E	
037	43	RCL		092	04	04		146	42	STD	
038	19	19		093	33	X²		147	07	07	
039	95	=		094	55	÷		148	91	R/S	
040	42	STD		095	43	RCL		149	01	1	
041	03	03		096	03	03		150	52	EE	
042	61	GTD		097	95	=		151	06	6	
043	48	EXC		098	42	STD		152	42	STD	
044	76	LBL		099	06	06		153	08	08	
045	10	E*		100	43	RCL		154	92	RTN	
046	43	RCL		101	04	04					
047	03	03		102	55	÷					
048	65	x		103	43	RCL					
049	43	RCL		104	08	08					
050	08	08		105	95	=					
051	55	÷		106	42	STD					
052	53	(		107	14	14					
053	43	RCL		108	92	RTN					
054	08	08									

MERGED CODES

62	Fgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Ptd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Submission Abstract

Program Title FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR ANALYSIS	Rev.
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Abstract of Program

This program calculates the source bypass and coupling capacitors for a F.E.T. circuit. The method used is pole zero cancellation. The program is designed for a low frequency analysis. Engineering notation is used.

Original SR-52 Program by Alan Charbonneau, San Luis Obispo, Calif., Sept. 1976

User Benefits:

This program allows the user to vary circuit parameters and quickly determine the effect on the circuit capacitances.

Category Electron. Eng.	Required Progs.	Prog. Steps 328	Card Sides 2	PC-100A Needed <input type="checkbox"/> Library Module ID <input type="checkbox"/>
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City _____ State _____ Zip _____

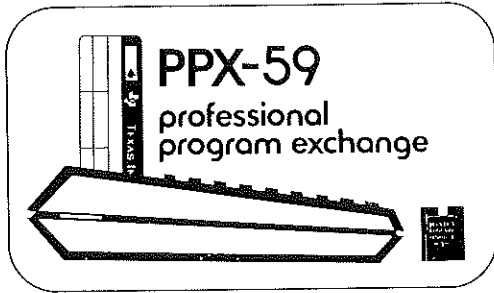
Submission Checklist

- Recorded Magnetic Cards
- Submission Abstract
- Program Description
- User Instructions
- Sample Problem
- Listing
- _____
- _____

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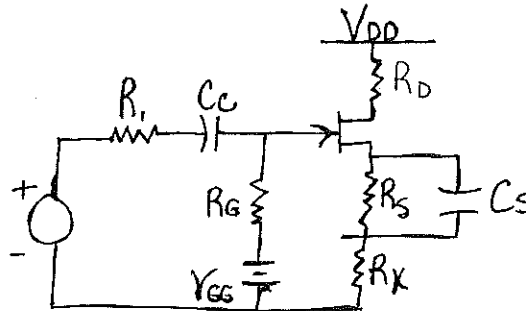


TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Program Description

Program Title: Field Effect Transistor Analysis	Rev.
--	------

Method, Equations, Sketches, Limitations, References, Error Recovery:



The solution for the values of the coupling capacitors (C_c , C_s) requires that values are known for R_1 , R_s , R_G , R_X , g_m (mutual conductance) and the lower cut off frequency. (f_L in Hz)

$$K_s = \frac{1 + g_m(R_x + R_s)}{1 + g_m R_x}$$

$$R = R_1 + R_G$$

$$W = W_s$$

$$f_s = f_o \quad f_s = \frac{f_L}{K_s}$$

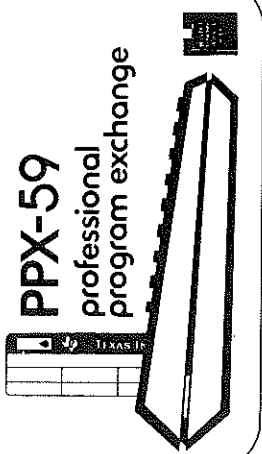
$$C_s = \frac{1}{2\pi f_s R_s}$$

$$C_c = \frac{1}{2\pi f_o R_o}$$

These equations only apply for a low frequency analysis.

References: L. F. Amplifier Notes
Calif. Polytechnic St. University (San Luis Obispo)

NOTE: Engineering Notation is used throughout the program. Fixed notation may be used with engineering notation only when used without a printer; the alphanumeric routines do not work in fixed notation.



User Instructions

Program Title Field Effect Transistor Analysis

R _G	R _x	f _L	Show C _s	Pt C _c , C _s
R ₁	R _s	g _m	find C _c	Print All

Partition (OP 17) Parenthesis Levels
 479 59 * 3 t Register

Angular Mode (if applicable) SBR Levels Absolute Addresses
 N/A 2

Library Module ID * for TI-58 Disturbs Pending Operations
 No 399.09

LABELS (Op 08)

INV	DEL	CE	CLR	Z=1	Z=2
FR	1/x	STO	RCL	SUM	7*
EE	(	)	-	GTO	X
SBR	-	RST	+	R/S	.
+/-	=	CLR	INV	IMP	CP
DEL	✓	P-0	STO	COS	CLS
EXC	✓	1/x	ENG	FIN	00
PRG	Pause	Z=1	Imp	OP	000
DEL	Z=1	Z=2	Z=3	END	STOP
DEL	CLS	✓	IMP	IMP	STOP
DEL	DEL	DEL	DEL	DEL	DEL

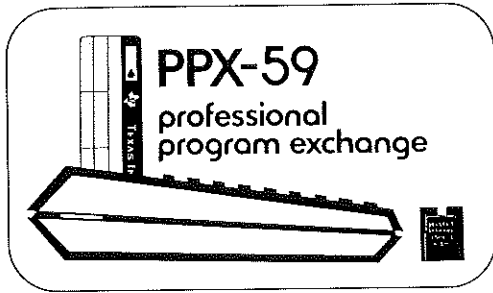
USER DEFINED KEYS

A	Enter R ₁
B	Enter R _s
C	Enter g _m
D	Calculate C _c
E	Print input and output
A'	Enter R _c
B'	Enter R _x
C'	Enter f _L
D'	Recall C _s
E'	Print only C _c , C _s

FLAGS	Not Used	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
-------	----------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	DATA REGISTERS (INV ONLY)
1	Enter Program Banks 1 and 2 (w/o printer bank 1 only)				
2	Enter R ₁	R ₁	A	R ₁ *	0 Looping
3	Enter R _G	R _G	*A'	R _G *	1 R ₁
4	Enter R _s	R _s	B	R _s *	2 R _G
5	Enter R _x	R _x	*B'	R _x *	3 R _s
6	Enter g _m	g _m	C	R _x *	4 R _x
7	Enter f _L	f _L	*C'	g _m *	5 g _m
				f _L *	6 f _L
8	WITHOUT PRINTER Calculate C _c and C _s and display C _c		D	C _c	7 f _s
9	Recall value of C _s calculated in step 8		*D'	C _s	8 C _c
					9 C _s

Modes: (n)* —Printed only (n)—Displayed Briefly (Pause)
 n.—Printed and displayed



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

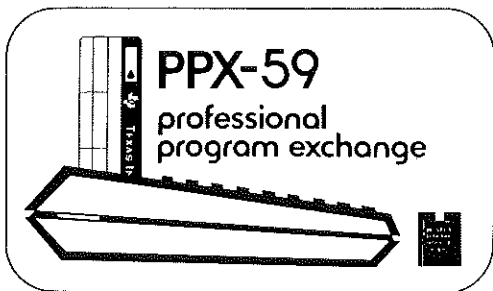
Program Title: FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR ANALYSIS	Rev.
---	------

STEP	PROCEDURE	PRESS	PRINTED OUTPUT
10	WITH PRINTER: Calculate C_c and C_s and print input and output	E	FET ANALYSIS INPUT (R_I) RI (R_G) RG (R_S) RS (R_X) RX (g_m) GM (f_L) FL OUTPUT (C_c) CC (C_s) CS
11	Calculate C_c and C_s and print output only	2nd E	FET ANALYSIS OUTPUT (C_c) CC (C_s) CS

NOTES:

Steps 2-7 may be executed in any order desired and can be changed individually before or after output is printed or displayed. Keys D, E and *E¹ will calculate both values. Key *D¹ will only recall the previously calculated value of C_s .

*CMs can be used to clear all inputted values.



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Sample Problem

Statement of Example

Given circuit parameters:

$$R_1 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_G = 2.2 \text{ M}\Omega$$

$$R_C = 6.8 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$R_X = .33 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$g_m = 2.0 \text{ mV}$$

$$f_L = 8 \text{ Hz}$$

Each parameter may be varied by choosing the appropriate user defined key.

See Continuation Sheet

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
100 EE 3	A	100. 03*	Enter R_1
2.2 EE 6	2nd A'	2.2 06*	Enter R_G
6.8 EE 3	B	6.8 03*	Enter R_S
330	2nd B'	330 00*	Enter R_X
2 EE 3±	C	2. -03*	Enter g_m
8	2nd C'	8. 00*	Enter f_L
WITHOUT PRINTER:			
	D	79.514943 -09	C_C and C_S calculated
	2nd D	26.89476 -06	C_C Displayed
			C_S Displayed
			s
<p>Modes: (n)*—Printed only (n)—Displayed Briefly (Pause) n*—Printed and displayed</p>			

PPX-59 Professional Program
 Exchange
 Sample Problem (cont'd)

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
		WITH PRINTER:	
	E	FET ANALYSIS	
		INPUT	
		100. 03 RI	
		2.2 06 RG	
		6.8 03 RS	
		330. 00 RX	
		2. -03 GM	
		8. 00 FL	
		OUTPUT	
		79.514943-09 CC	
		26.89476-06 CS	
	2nd E	FET ANALYSIS	
		OUTPUT	
		79.514943-09 CC	
		26.89476-06 CS	
		Modes: (n)*--Printed only (n)--Displayed Briefly (Pause)	
		n*--Printed and displayed	

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL		054	03	3		108	65	x	
001	43	RCL		055	06	6		109	53	(
002	22	INV		056	61	GTO		110	43	RCL	
003	57	ENG		057	97	DSZ		111	05	05	
004	69	OP		058	76	LBL		112	65	x	
005	04	04		059	17	B'		113	43	RCL	
006	57	ENG		060	42	STO		114	04	04	
007	73	RC*		061	04	04		115	85	+	
008	00	00		062	32	X!T		116	01	1	
009	69	OP		063	03	3		117	54)	
010	06	06		064	05	5		118	55	+	
011	69	OP		065	04	4		119	53	(
012	20	20		066	04	4		120	53	(
013	92	RTN		067	61	GTO		121	43	RCL	
014	76	LBL		068	97	DSZ		122	04	04	
015	97	DSZ		069	76	LBL		123	85	+	
016	22	INV		070	13	C		124	43	RCL	
017	57	ENG		071	42	STO		125	03	03	
018	69	OP		072	05	05		126	54)	
019	04	04		073	32	X!T		127	65	x	
020	57	ENG		074	02	2		128	43	RCL	
021	32	X!T		075	02	2		129	05	05	
022	69	OP		076	03	3		130	85	+	
023	06	06		077	00	0		131	01	1	
024	92	RTN		078	61	GTO		132	54)	
025	76	LBL		079	97	DSZ		133	54)	
026	11	A		080	76	LBL		134	53	(
027	42	STO		081	18	C'		135	42	STO	
028	01	01		082	42	STO		136	07	07	
029	32	X!T		083	06	06		137	65	x	
030	03	3		084	32	X!T		138	02	2	
031	05	5		085	02	2		139	65	x	
032	00	0		086	01	1		140	89	#	
033	02	2		087	02	2		141	65	x	
034	61	GTO		088	07	7		142	53	(
035	97	DSZ		089	61	GTO		143	43	RCL	
036	76	LBL		090	97	DSZ		144	01	01	
037	16	A'		091	76	LBL		145	85	+	
038	42	STO		092	14	D		146	43	RCL	
039	02	02		093	71	SBR		147	02	02	
040	32	X!T		094	30	TAN		148	54)	
041	03	3		095	43	RCL		149	54)	
042	05	5		096	08	08		150	35	1/X	
043	02	2		097	92	RTN		151	42	STO	
044	02	2		098	76	LBL		152	08	08	
045	61	GTO		099	19	D'					
046	97	DSZ		100	43	RCL					
047	76	LBL		101	09	09					
048	12	B		102	92	RTN					
049	42	STO		103	76	LBL					
050	03	03		104	30	TAN					
051	32	X!T		105	53	(
052	03	3		106	43	RCL					
053	05	5		107	06	06					

MERGED CODES

62	Per	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Pro	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
153	53	(		207	03	3		259	01	1	
154	02	2		208	05	5		260	05	5	
155	65	x		209	03	3		261	01	1	
156	89	π		210	06	6		262	05	5	
157	65	x		211	71	SBR		263	71	SBR	
158	43	RCL		212	43	RCL		264	43	RCL	
159	07	07		213	03	3		265	01	1	
160	65	x		214	05	5		266	05	5	
161	43	RCL		215	04	4		267	03	3	
162	03	03		216	04	4		268	06	6	
163	54	)		217	71	SBR		269	71	SBR	
164	35	1/X		218	43	RCL		270	43	RCL	
165	42	STD		219	02	2		271	98	ADV	
166	09	09		220	02	2		272	98	ADV	
167	92	RTN		221	03	3		273	98	ADV	
168	76	LBL		222	00	0		274	92	RTN	
169	15	E		223	71	SBR		275	76	LBL	
170	22	INV		224	43	RCL		276	99	PRT	
171	57	ENG		225	02	2		277	22	INV	
172	71	SBR		226	01	1		278	57	ENG	
173	30	TAN		227	02	2		279	69	DP	
174	71	SBR		228	07	7		280	00	00	
175	99	PRT		229	71	SBR		281	02	2	
176	01	1		230	43	RCL		282	01	1	
177	42	STD		231	98	ADV		283	00	0	
178	00	00		232	76	LBL		284	00	0	
179	69	DP		233	48	EXC		285	01	1	
180	00	00		234	08	8		286	07	7	
181	02	2		235	42	STD		287	00	0	
182	04	4		236	00	00		288	00	0	
183	03	3		237	69	DP		289	03	3	
184	01	1		238	00	00		290	07	7	
185	03	3		239	22	INV		291	69	DP	
186	03	3		240	57	ENG		292	02	02	
187	04	4		241	03	3		293	01	1	
188	01	1		242	02	2		294	03	3	
189	03	3		243	69	DP		295	03	3	
190	07	7		244	02	02		296	01	1	
191	69	DP		245	04	4		297	01	1	
192	03	03		246	01	1		298	03	3	
193	69	DP		247	03	3		299	69	DP	
194	05	05		248	07	7		300	03	03	
195	03	3		249	03	3					
196	05	5		250	03	3					
197	00	0		251	04	4					
198	02	2		252	01	1					
199	71	SBR		253	03	3					
200	43	RCL		254	07	7					
201	03	3		255	69	DP					
202	05	5		256	03	03					
203	02	2		257	69	DP					
204	02	2		258	05	05					
205	71	SBR									
206	43	RCL									

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

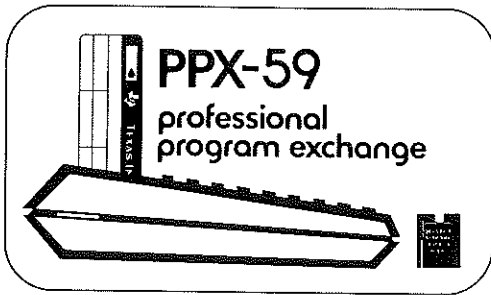
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LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
322	30	TAN									
323	71	SBR									
324	99	PRT									
325	71	SBR									
326	48	EXC									
327	92	RTN									
328	00	0									
329	00	0									
330	00	0									

MERGED CODES

62	Pgm	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Prd	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR





TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
Calculator Products Division

Submission Abstract

Program Title SOLUTION OF RESISTIVE NETWORKS	Rev.
---	------

Abstract of Program

This program solves for the total resistance of both simple and complicated D.C. networks.

Original SR-52 Program by Craig Byrd of Chula Vista, California

User Benefits:

Assists in solving resistive networks. Also can be used to solve capacitive and inductive circuits.

Category <u>Electronic</u>	Required Progs. _____	Prog. Steps <u>170</u>	Card Sides <u>1</u>	PC-100A Needed <input type="checkbox"/>
Name <u>Eng.</u>				Library Module ID <input type="checkbox"/>

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Signature _____ Date _____

Name Texas Instruments Tel. No. _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

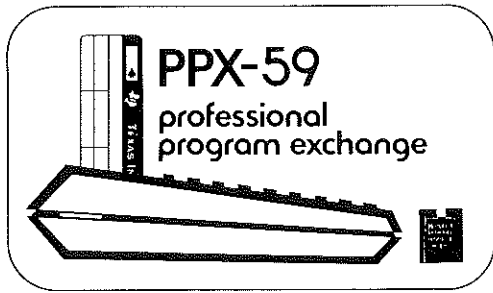
Submission Checklist

- Recorded Magnetic Cards
- Submission Abstract
- Program Description
- User Instructions
- Sample Problem
- Listing
- _____
- _____

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Calculator Products Division

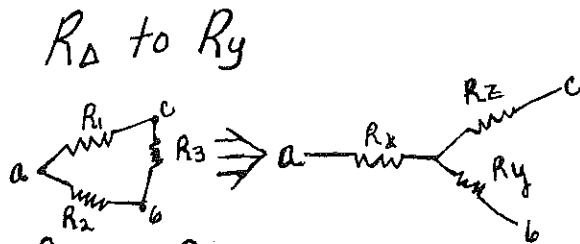
Program Description

Program Title: SOLUTION OF RESISTIVE NETWORKS	Rev.:
--	-------

Method, Equations, Sketches, Limitations, References, Error Recovery:

This program uses network simplification to solve for the Δ to y and y to Δ networks. It also sums series resistors and sums the reciprocals of parallel resistors to solve for the total resistance.
Eqs.

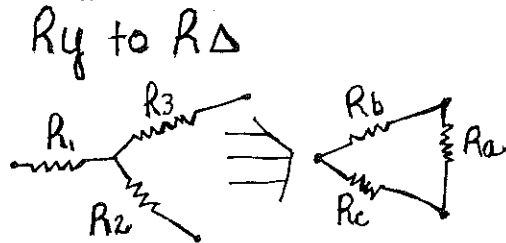
$$R_T \text{ (series)} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 \dots + R_n \quad R_T \text{ (parallel)} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \dots + \frac{1}{R_n}}$$



$$R_x = \frac{R_1 \cdot R_2}{(R_1 + R_2 + R_3)}$$

$$R_z = \frac{R_1 \cdot R_3}{(R_1 + R_2 + R_3)}$$

$$R_y = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_3}{(R_1 + R_2 + R_3)}$$

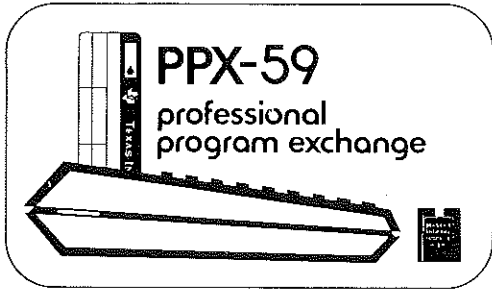


$$R_a = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_1}$$

$$R_b = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_2}$$

$$R_c = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_3}$$

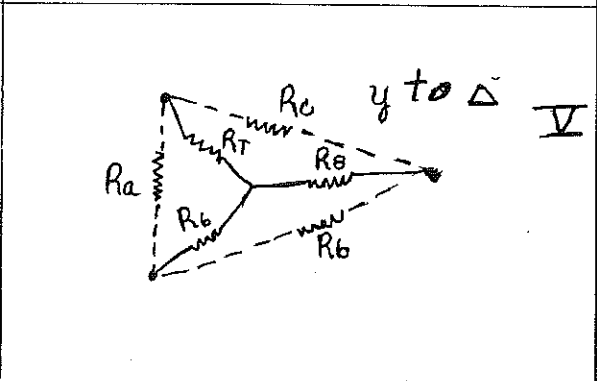
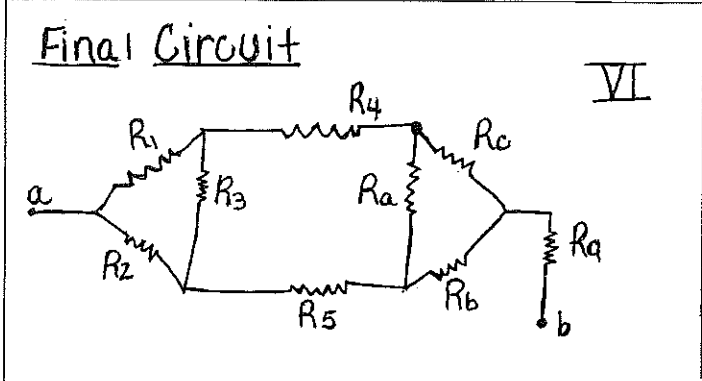
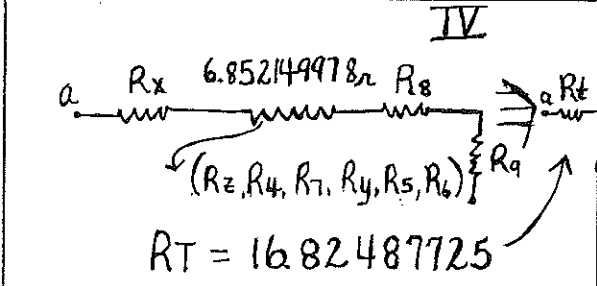
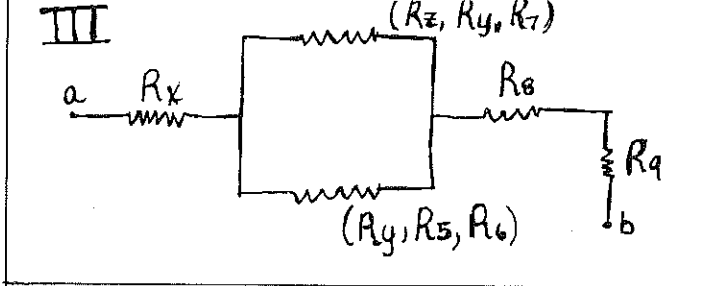
*Solve Δ to y ckt's first and then sum the series and parallel legs to find the total resistance.



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Continued From: Program Description User Instructions Stmt. of Example

Program Title: SOLUTION OF RESISTIVE NETWORKS Rev.

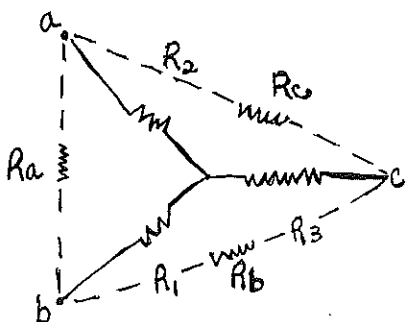


*Procedure for Solving Circuitry:

Solve Δ to y transformations first

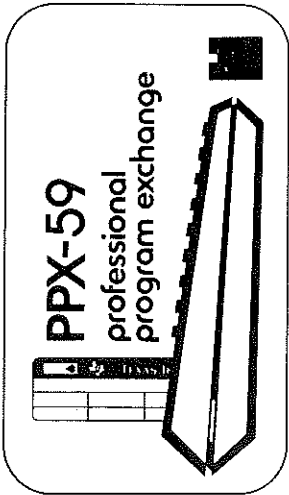
In transforming from Δ to y networks, if the R values are entered clockwise, the Rx, Ry and Rz values are shown in their respective clockwise positions. If the Δ resistors are entered counter clockwise, the y resistors value are shown in their counter clockwise position.

In transforming a Y circuit to a Δ circuit the Δ value resistor are shown opposite the y value entry.



Example: If Y entered 3-2-1 the Δ values are 3.67 Ω (Ra) Opposite R₃, 5.5 Ω (Rb) Opposite R₂ and the 1 Ω (Rc) Opposite R₁.

In using the Δ to Y or Y to Δ methods you must press E to initialize the program



User Instructions

SOLUTION OF RESISTIVE NETWORKS

Recall	Recall	
Series	Parallel	Y - Δ Init.

Partition (OP 17) Parenthesis Levels
 479 59 * 1 t Register

Angular Mode SBR Levels Absolute Addresses

Library Module ID * for TI-58 Pending Operations 239.29

LABELS (Op 08)

INV	CE	CLR	Σ±1	Σ±1	Σ±1
√	STO	RCL	SUM	Σ	Σ
EE	√	√	GTO	X	X
SBR	√	RST	√	R/S	0
+/-	≡	CLR	INV	INV	OP
EXP	√	7-8	30	30	CMC
ITC	7-8	ITC	ITC	ITC	ITC
IMP	PAGE	Σ±1	IMP	IMP	IMP
LDI	Σ±1	Σ±1	Σ±1	Σ±1	Σ±1
IND	DMS	7	IND	IND	IND
ADP	PI				

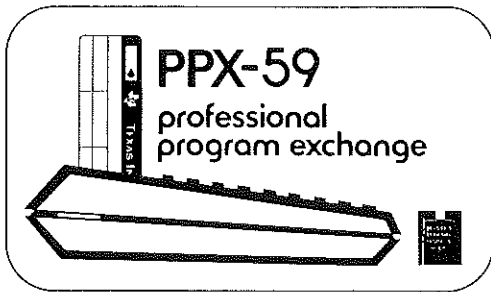
USER DEFINED KEYS

A	Δ to Y
B	Series
C	Parallel
D	Y to Δ
E	Initialize
A'	
B'	Series Total
C'	Parallel Total
D'	
E'	

FLAGS	0	Branch Cont. 1	Branch Cont. 2	Branch Cont. 3	4	5	6	7	8	9
-------	---	----------------	----------------	----------------	---	---	---	---	---	---

STEP	PROCEDURE	ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	DATA REGISTERS (INV)
1	Enter Program				0 Pointer
2	Initialize		E	0	1 Δ or Y Values
3	Δ R Values (If any)	R ₁ , R ₂ & R ₃	A (3 tms)	0	2 Δ or Y Values
4	Δ R Solutions		R/S (3 tms)	R _x , R _y , R _z	3 Δ or Y Values
5	Initialize		E	0	4 Sum of Δ Values
6	YR Values (If Any)	R ₁ , R ₂ & R ₃	D (3 tms)	R ₁ , R ₂ , 0	5 Series Sums
7	Press Run 5 times		R/S	0, 0, R _a , R _b , R _c	6 Parallel Sums
8	Series Networks (R ₁ -R _N)	(Series Values)	B	0	7 Sum of Y Values
9	Series Sum (R ₁ -R _N)	(Parl. Values)	B'	Series Sum	8
10	Parallel Networks (1 - 1/R ₁ - 1/R _N)		C	0	9
11	Parallel Sum (1 - 1/R ₁ - 1/R _N)		C'	Parallel Sum	

Modes: (n) * - Printed only (n) - Displayed Briefly (Pause)

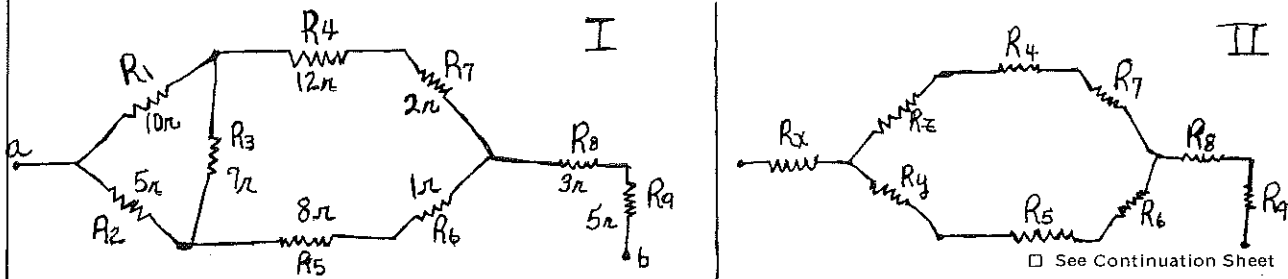


TEXAS INSTRUMENTS Calculator Products Division

Sample Problem

Statement of Example

Solve the following resistive network for the total resistance and then transform the Y network (R_8, R_7 & R_6) into a Δ network ($R_a, R_b,$ & R_c)



ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
	E	0	Initialize
10	A	10	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} R_1 \\ R_2 \\ R_3 \end{matrix} \right\}$ to $\left\{ \begin{matrix} \Delta \\ Y \end{matrix} \right\}$
5	A	5	
7	A	0	
	R/S	2.272727273	R_x
	R/S	1.590909091	R_y
	R/S	3.181818182	R_z
	B	0	Series Leg (R_z)
12	B	0	(R_4)
2	B	0	(R_7)
	B'	17.18181818	Series Leg Total
	C	0	1st Parallel Leg
1.590909091	B	0	Series Leg (R_y)
8	B	0	(R_5)
1	B'	0	(R_6)
	B'	10.59090909	Series Leg Total
	C	0	2nd Parallel Leg
	C'	6.552149978	Parallel Total
	B	0	Parallel Total
2.272727273	B	0	R_x
3	B	0	R_8
5	B	0	R_9
	B'	16.82487725	CKT R Total

Modes: (n) * --Printed only (n) --Displayed Briefly (Pause)
n* --Printed and displayed

PPX-59 Professional Program
 Exchange
 Sample Problem (cont'd)

ENTER	PRESS	OUTPUT/MODE (see legend below)	COMMENT
	E	0	Initialize
3	D	3	$\left. \begin{matrix} R_8 \\ R_7 \\ R_6 \end{matrix} \right\} \left. \begin{matrix} Y \\ \text{to} \\ \Delta \end{matrix} \right\}$
2	D	2	
1	D	0	
	R/S	0	
	R/S	0	
	R/S	3.66666667	
	R/S	5.5	
	R/S	11	
Modes: (n)*—Printed only (n)—Displayed Briefly (Pause) n*—Printed and displayed			

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL		055	61	GTO		109	61	GTO	
001	16	A'		056	39	CDS		110	52	EE	
002	03	3		057	76	LBL		111	76	LBL	
003	42	STO		058	38	SIN		112	55	+	
004	00	00		059	97	DSZ		113	43	RCL	
005	87	IFF		060	00	00		114	07	07	
006	02	02		061	30	TAN		115	55	+	
007	44	SUM		062	76	LBL		116	73	RC#	
008	25	CLR		063	91	R/S		117	00	00	
009	91	R/S		064	91	R/S		118	95	=	
010	92	RTN		065	76	LBL		119	91	R/S	
011	76	LBL		066	44	SUM		120	97	DSZ	
012	11	A		067	22	INV		121	00	00	
013	72	ST*		068	86	STF		122	55	+	
014	00	00		069	02	02		123	61	GTO	
015	44	SUM		070	22	INV		124	85	+	
016	04	04		071	86	STF		125	76	LBL	
017	97	DSZ		072	01	01		126	42	STO	
018	00	00		073	61	GTO		127	87	IFF	
019	91	R/S		074	39	CDS		128	03	03	
020	16	A'		075	76	LBL		129	45	YX	
021	76	LBL		076	12	B		130	76	LBL	
022	39	CDS		077	44	SUM		131	75	-	
023	73	RC#		078	05	05		132	65	X	
024	00	00		079	25	CLR		133	73	RC#	
025	97	DSZ		080	91	R/S		134	00	00	
026	00	00		081	76	LBL		135	54)	
027	43	RCL		082	17	B'		136	44	SUM	
028	86	STF		083	48	EXC		137	07	07	
029	01	01		084	05	05		138	87	IFF	
030	86	STF		085	91	R/S		139	03	03	
031	02	02		086	76	LBL		140	85	+	
032	03	3		087	13	C		141	61	GTO	
033	42	STO		088	35	1/X		142	52	EE	
034	00	00		089	44	SUM		143	76	LBL	
035	61	GTO		090	06	06		144	85	+	
036	39	CDS		091	25	CLR		145	22	INV	
037	76	LBL		092	91	R/S		146	86	STF	
038	43	RCL		093	76	LBL		147	03	03	
039	87	IFF		094	18	C'		148	16	A'	
040	01	01		095	48	EXC		149	61	GTO	
041	38	SIN		096	06	06		150	55	+	
042	76	LBL		097	35	1/X		151	76	LBL	
043	30	TAN		098	91	R/S		152	14	D	
044	65	X		099	76	LBL		153	72	ST*	
045	73	RC#		100	52	EE		154	00	00	
046	00	00		101	73	RC#		155	97	DSZ	
047	55	+		102	00	00		156	00	00	
048	43	RCL		103	97	DSZ		157	91	R/S	
049	04	04		104	00	00		158	16	A'	
050	95	=		105	42	STO		159	61	GTO	
051	91	R/S		106	16	A'					
052	87	IFF		107	86	STF					
053	02	02		108	03	03					
054	16	A'									

MERGED CODES

62	Per	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Exc	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	Pa	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR

PPX-59 Professional Program Exchange

For TI use only

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
160	52	EE									
161	76	LBL									
162	15	E									
163	47	CMS									
164	81	RST									
165	76	LBL									
166	45	YX									
167	97	DSZ									
168	00	00									
169	75	-									

MERGED CODES								
62	Prog	Ind	72	STO	Ind	83	GTO	Ind
63	Cr	Ind	73	RCL	Ind	84	Op	Ind
64	St	Ind	74	SUM	Ind	92	INV	SBR



ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

- **CLASS "A" AMPLIFIER DESIGNED TO SPECIFIED TOLERANCES**
Biasing, load and emitter resistors are calculated for a class "A" bipolar transistor amplifier. Design is constrained to a maximum allowable percent collector current variation specified by the user.
TI-59 only.
- **RF AMPLIFIER ANALYSIS**
Calculates the input admittance, transducer gain, and Linvill's C-factor for a specified load admittance assumed to be pure conductance when given the Y-parameters of a two part network, such as a transistor used as an RF Amplifier.
TI-58 or TI-59.
- **BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR ANALYSIS**
Calculates the emitter bypass and coupling capacitors for a B.J.T. circuit. The program is designed for a low frequency analysis.
TI-58 or TI-59.
- **POWER SUPPLY FILTER DESIGN**
Load resistance, filter capacitor value, and the minimum, maximum, and average output voltages for both the full- and half-wave rectifier circuits are calculated.
TI-59 only.
- **ZENER POWER SUPPLY DESIGN**
Calculates component values and power rating pertaining to a Zener diode regulated power supply.
TI-59 only.
- **RESISTIVE VOLTAGE DIVIDER**
Provides a method to empirically design and evaluate resistive voltage divider networks often encountered in basic designs.
TI-58 or TI-59.
- **FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR ANALYSIS**
Calculates the source bypass and coupling capacitors for a F.E.T. circuit using the pole zero cancellation method.
TI-58 or TI-59.
- **SOLUTION OF RESISTIVE NETWORKS**
Solves for the total resistance of both simple and complicated D.C. networks.
TI-58 or TI-59.

*PREPROGRAMMED MAGNETIC CARDS ARE NOT INCLUDED.
(The program Code Lists must be keyed into blank magnetic cards.)*

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